

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830

Revision date: Date of issue: Version: 4.0 02/09/2016 25/11/2014

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form Mixture

Product Name MED10-6400 Part A

Synonyms Addition Cure Silicone Dispersion

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### 1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Industrial/Professional use spec Industrial

Use of the substance/mixture For dip casting of thin, elastomeric films. For professional use only.

#### 1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

NuSil Technology LLC 1050 Cindy Lane

Carpinteria, California 93013

USA

(805) 684-8780 ehs@nusil.com

www.nusil.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (in US); +1 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC (International and

number Maritime)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal) H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour) H332 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Asp. Tox. 1 H304

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

#### Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

No additional information available

#### 2.2. Label elements

#### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP)







Signal word (CLP) Danger

Hazardous ingredients Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)

Hazard statements (CLP) H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled

H315 - Causes skin irritation

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#### Precautionary statements (CLP)

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P233 - Keep container tightly closed

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting

equipment

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge

P261 - Avoid breathing vapours, spray, mist

P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection P301+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water

P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

P321 - Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS)

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray, fog to extinguish

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

P405 - Store locked up

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local,

regional, national, and international regulations

#### 2.3. Other Hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	(CAS No) 1330-20-7 (EC no) 215-535-7 (EC index no) 601-022-00-9	60 - 65	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Asp. Tox. 1, H304

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Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Polydimethyldip henyl siloxane copolymer	(CAS No) 68083-14-7	25 - 30	Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel

unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid measures after inhalation When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected

area. Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable

for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after skin

contact

Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye

Rinse cautiously with water for at least 1.

antart

contact

First-aid measures after ingestion

Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER or doctor/physician.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. Harmful in contact

with skin. Harmful if inhaled. May be fatal if swallowed and enters

airways.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression

such as dizziness, vomiting, numbness, drowsiness, headache, and similar narcotic symptoms. Inhalation is likely to cause adverse health effects including but not limited to: irritation, difficulty breathing, and

unconsciousness.

Symptoms/injuries after skin

contact

Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis. This material is harmful through skin contact, and can cause adverse health effects or death in significant amounts. This material may be

absorbed through the skin and eyes.

Symptoms/injuries after eye

contact

Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the

conjunctiva.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion Aspiration into the lu

Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting and

may cause lung injury.

Chronic symptoms None known.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).

Water may be ineffective but water should be used to keep fire-

exposed container cool.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may

spread fire. Application of water stream to hot product may cause

frothing and increase fire intensity.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard Flammable liquid and vapour.

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Explosion hazard May form flammable or explosive vapour-air mixture.

Reactivity Reacts violently with strong oxidisers. Increased risk of fire or

explosion.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Precautionary measures fire Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely

due to the risk of explosion.

Protection during firefighting Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment,

including respiratory protection.

Other information Will decompose above 150 °C (> 300 °F) releasing formaldehyde

vapours.

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapor,

mist or spray. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use special care to

avoid static electric charges.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency procedures Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency procedures Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize

the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area. Eliminate ignition sources.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and

entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions. Ventilate area.

Methods for cleaning up Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Transfer

spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Use only non-sparking tools. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when

processed

When heated to decomposition, emits toxic fumes. Any proposed use of this product in elevated-temperature processes should be thoroughly evaluated to assure that safe operating conditions are established and maintained. Handle empty containers with care

because residual vapours are flammable.

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Precautions for safe handling Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water

before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Avoid breathing vapors, mist, spray. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Handle empty containers with care because they may still present a hazard. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on

clothing. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Hygiene measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

procedures.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures Comply with applicable regulations. Take action to prevent static

discharges. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.

Storage conditions Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight,

extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep

in fireproof place.

Incompatible products

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

Heat sources. Avoid ignition sources.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

For dip casting of thin, elastomeric films. For professional use only.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
EU	IOELV TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (pure)
EU	IOELV TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
EU	IOELV STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (pure)
EU	IOELV STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
Austria	MAK (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (all isomers)
Austria	MAK (ppm)	50 ppm (all isomers)
Austria	MAK Short time value (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (all isomers)
Austria	MAK Short time value (ppm)	100 ppm (all isomers)
Austria	OEL chemical category (AT)	Skin notation
Belgium	Limit value (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Belgium	Limit value (ppm)	50 ppm
Belgium	Short time value (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³
Belgium	Short time value (ppm)	100 ppm
Belgium	OEL chemical category (BE)	Skin, Skin notation pure
Bulgaria	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221,0 mg/m³ (pure)
Bulgaria	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
Bulgaria	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (pure)
Bulgaria	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
Croatia	GVI (granična vrijednost izloženosti) (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Croatia	GVI (granična vrijednost izloženosti) (ppm)	50 ppm
Croatia	KGVI (kratkotrajna granična vrijednost izloženosti) (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³
Croatia	KGVI (kratkotrajna granična vrijednost izloženosti) (ppm)	100 ppm

Xylenes (o-, m-, ı	o- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
Croatia	OEL chemical category (HR)	Skin notation
Croatia	Croatia - BEI	1,50 mg/l Parameter: Xylene - Medium: blood - Sampling time: at the end of the shift (Alcohol before exposure to Xylene raises occurrence) 1,50 g/g Kreatinin Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: blood - Sampling time: at the end of the shift (For all results that are expressed as Creatinine, Creatinine concentration <0.5 g/L and >3.0 g/L should not be considered)
Cyprus	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Cyprus	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
Cyprus	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³
Cyprus	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
Cyprus	OEL chemical category (CY)	Skin-potential for cutaneous absorption
France	VLE (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (restrictive limit)
France	VLE (ppm)	100 ppm (restrictive limit)
France	VME (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (restrictive limit)
France	VME (ppm)	50 ppm (restrictive limit)
France	OEL chemical category (FR)	Risk of cutaneous absorption
France	France - BEI	1500 mg/g Kreatinin Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift
Germany	TRGS 900 Occupational exposure limit value (mg/m³)  TRGS 900 Occupational exposure	440 mg/m³ (all isomers)  100 ppm (all isomers)
	limit value (ppm)	15 / 18
Germany	TRGS 903 (BGW)	1,5 mg/l Parameter: Xylene - Medium: whole blood - Sampling time: end of shift (all isomers) 2000 mg/l Parameter: Methylhippuric(tolur-)acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift (all isomers)
Germany	TRGS 900 chemical category	Skin notation all isomers
Gibraltar	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (pure)
Gibraltar	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
Gibraltar	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (pure)
Gibraltar	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
Gibraltar	OEL chemical category (GI)	Skin notation
Greece	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	435 mg/m³
Greece	OEL TWA (ppm)	100 ppm
Greece	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	650 mg/m³
Greece	OEL STEL (ppm)	150 ppm
Greece	OEL chemical category (GR)	skin - potential for cutaneous absorption
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	100 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	150 ppm
Italy	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (pure)
Italy	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
Italy	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (pure)
,		100 ppm (pure)

Xylenes (o-, m-, p-	isomers) (1330-20-7)	
Italy	OEL chemical category (IT)	skin - potential for cutaneous absorption pure
Latvia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Latvia	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
Latvia	OEL chemical category (LV)	skin - potential for cutaneous exposure
Spain	VLA-ED (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (indicative limit value)
Spain	VLA-ED (ppm)	50 ppm (indicative limit value)
Spain	VLA-EC (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³
Spain	VLA-EC (ppm)	100 ppm
Spain	OEL chemical category (ES)	skin - potential for cutaneous exposure
Spain	Spain - BEI	1 g/g Kreatinin Parameter: Methylhippuric acids - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift
Switzerland	VLE (mg/m³)	870 mg/m³
Switzerland	VLE (ppm)	200 ppm
Switzerland	VME (mg/m³)	435 mg/m³
Switzerland	VME (ppm)	100 ppm
Switzerland	OEL chemical category (CH)	Skin notation
Switzerland	Switzerland - BEI	1,5 g/g Kreatinin Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift, and after several shifts (for long-term exposures) 1,5 mg/l Parameter: Xylol - Medium: whole blood - Sampling time: end of shift
Netherlands	Grenswaarde TGG 8H (mg/m³)	210 mg/m³
Netherlands	Grenswaarde TGG 15MIN (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (mg/m³)	220 mg/m³
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (mg/m³)	441 mg/m³
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
United Kingdom	WEL chemical category	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Czech Republic	Expoziční limity (PEL) (mg/m³)	200 mg/m³
Czech Republic	OEL chemical category (CZ)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Czech Republic	Czech Republic - BEI	820 µmol/mmol Creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift 1400 mg/g Kreatinin Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift
Denmark	Grænseværdie (langvarig) (mg/m³)	109 mg/m³
Denmark	Grænseværdie (langvarig) (ppm)	25 ppm
Estonia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Estonia	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
Estonia	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³
Estonia	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
Estonia	OEL chemical category (ET)	Skin notation
Finland	HTP-arvo (8h) (mg/m³)	220 mg/m³
Finland	HTP-arvo (8h) (ppm)	50 ppm
Finland	HTP-arvo (15 min)	440 mg/m³

Xylenes (o-, m-, p	- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
Finland	HTP-arvo (15 min) (ppm)	100 ppm
Finland	OEL chemical category (FI)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Finland	Finland - BEI	Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift
Hungary	AK-érték	221 mg/m³
Hungary	CK-érték	442 mg/m³
Hungary	OEL chemical category (HU)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Ireland	OEL (8 hours ref) (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Ireland	OEL (8 hours ref) (ppm)	50 ppm
Ireland	OEL (15 min ref) (mg/m3)	442 mg/m³
Ireland	OEL (15 min ref) (ppm)	100 ppm
Ireland	OEL chemical category (IE)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Lithuania	IPRV (mg/m³)	200 mg/m³
Lithuania	IPRV (ppm)	50 ppm
Lithuania	TPRV (mg/m³)	450 mg/m³
Lithuania	TPRV (ppm)	100 ppm
Lithuania	OEL chemical category (LT)	Skin notation
Luxembourg	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Luxembourg	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
Luxembourg	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³
Luxembourg	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
Malta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (pure)
Malta	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
Malta	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (pure)
Malta	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
Malta	OEL chemical category (MT)	Possibility of significant uptake through the skin pure
Norway	Grenseverdier (AN) (mg/m³)	108 mg/m³
Norway	Grenseverdier (AN) (ppm)	25 ppm
Norway	Grenseverdier (Korttidsverdi) (mg/m3)	135 mg/m³
Norway	Grenseverdier (Korttidsverdi) (ppm)	37,5 ppm
Norway	OEL chemical category (NO)	Skin notation
Poland	NDS (mg/m³)	100 mg/m³
Romania	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (pure)
Romania	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
Romania	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (pure)
Romania	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
Romania	OEL chemical category (RO)	Skin notation pure
Romania	Romania - BEI	3 g/l Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift
Slovakia	NPHV (priemerná) (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Slovakia	NPHV (priemerná) (ppm)	50 ppm
Slovakia	NPHV (Hraničná) (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³
Slovakia	OEL chemical category (SK)	Potential for cutaneous absorption

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Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
Slovakia	Slovakia - BEI	1,5 mg/l Parameter: Xylene - Medium: blood - Sampling time: end of exposure or work shift (all isomers) 2000 mg/l Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of exposure or work shift
Slovenia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Slovenia	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
Slovenia	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³
Slovenia	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
Slovenia	OEL chemical category (SL)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Sweden	nivågränsvärde (NVG) (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Sweden	nivågränsvärde (NVG) (ppm)	50 ppm
Sweden	kortidsvärde (KTV) (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³
Sweden	kortidsvärde (KTV) (ppm)	100 ppm
Sweden	OEL chemical category (SE)	Skin notation
Portugal	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (indicative limit value)
Portugal	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (indicative limit value)
Portugal	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (indicative limit value)
Portugal	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (indicative limit value)
Portugal	OEL chemical category (PT)	A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen,skin - potential for cutaneous exposure indicative limit value

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be

available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof equipment. Gas detectors should be used when

toxic gases may be released.

Personal protective equipment Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient

ventilation: wear respiratory protection.









Materials for protective clothing Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame

resistant/retardant clothing.

Hand protection Wear protective gloves.

Eye protection Chemical safety goggles.

Skin and body protection Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection If exposure limits are exceeded or

If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate

ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels

are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Other information When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid

Colour : Transluscent Odour : Solvent

Odour threshold : No data available : No data available На Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : No data available Melting point : No data available Freezing point : No data available Boiling point : 140 °C (284 °F) Flash point : 27 °C (80,6 °F) Auto-ignition temperature : 510 °C (950 °F) Decomposition temperature : No data available Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available Vapour pressure : 6,4 mm Ha @ 20 °C Relative vapour density at 20 °C : No data available Relative Density : 0.93 (Water = 1)Solubility : No data available : No data available

Solubility : No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Viscosity, dynamic : No data available
Explosive properties : No data available
Oxidising properties : No data available
Explosive limits : No data available

#### 9.2. Other information

VOC content 60 - 65 %

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Reacts violently with strong oxidisers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Flammable liquid and vapour. May form flammable or explosive vapour-air mixture.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>). Silicon oxides. Hydrocarbons. Will decompose above 150 °C (> 300 °F) releasing formaldehyde vapours. Formaldehyde is a potential carcinogen and can act as a potential skin and respiratory sensitizer. Formaldehyde can also cause respiratory and eye irritation.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Dermal: Harmful in contact with skin. Inhalation:vapour: Harmful if inhaled.

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ATE CLP (dermal)	1762,82	1 mg/kg bodyweight	
ATE CLP (vapours)	17,628 r	ng/l/4h	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)			
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 r	ng/kg	
LD50 oral	3500 mg	g/kg	
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	6247 pp	m/4h (species: Sprague-Dawley)	
ATE CLP (dermal)	1100,000	mg/kg bodyweight	
ATE CLP (vapours)	11,000 r	11,000 mg/l/4h	
Polydimethyldiphenyl siloxane copolymer (68083-14-7)			
LC50 inhalation rat (Dust/Mist - mg/l/4h)		4,5 mg/l/4h	

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Germ cell mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified

Not classified

Not classified

Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated : Not classified

exposure)

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Potential adverse human health Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation.

effects and symptoms Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May

be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general Toxic to aquatic life.

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
LC50 fish 1	3,3 mg/l
EC50 Daphnia 1	3,82 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: water flea)
LC50 fish 2	2,661 (2,661 - 4,093) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])

12.2. Persistence and degradability

	MED10-6400 Part A		
ĺ	Persistence and degradability	Not established.	

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

MED10-6400 Part A		
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
BCF fish 1	0,6 (0,6 - 15)	
Log Pow	2,77 - 3,15	

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No additional information available

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other information Avoid release to the environment.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional,

national, and international regulations.

Additional information : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are

flammable.

Ecology - waste materials Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the

aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN

14.1. UN number

UN-No. (ADR) 1307

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (ADR) XYLENES

Transport document description UN 1307 XYLENES (Solution), 3, III, (D/E)

(ADR)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class (ADR) 3
Danger labels (ADR) 3



14.4. Packing group

Packing group (ADR)

14.5. Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant



IMDG only

Other information No supplementary information available.

14.6. Special precautions for user 14.6.1. Overland transport

Hazard identification number 30

(Kemler No.)

Classification code (ADR)

Orange plates

30 1307

Transport category (ADR)

Tunnel restriction code (ADR)

Limited quantities (ADR)

Excepted quantities (ADR)

EAC code

3

3

3

5

E1

14.6.2. Transport by sea

EmS-No. (1) F-E MFAG-No 130 EmS-No. (2) S-D

14.6.3. Air transport

No additional information available

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Not applicable

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### 15.1.1. EU-Regulations

Contains no REACH substances with Annex XVII restrictions

Contains no substance on the REACH candidate list

Contains no REACH Annex XIV substances

VOC content 60 - 65 %

#### 15.1.2. National regulations

No additional information available

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Indication of changes:

Section	Section Header	Change	Date Changed
2	Hazards identification	Modified. Removed DSD/DPD information.	02/09/2016
3	Composition/information on ingredients	Modified. Removed components not required to be listed. Removed DSD/DPD information.	02/09/2016
9	Physical and chemical properties	Modified	02/09/2016
15.1	EU-Regulations	Modified	02/09/2016

Revision date 02/09/2016

Data sources According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its

amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830

#### Full text of H- and EUH-statements:

Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapour) Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids, Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Nusil EU GHS SDS

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We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet, and is offered in good faith. Since the use of this information and of these opinions and the conditions of the use of the product are not within the control of NuSil Technology, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.



# Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830

Revision date: Date of issue: Version: 3.0 02/09/2016 25/11/2014

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form Mixture

Product Name MED10-6400 Part B

Synonyms Addition Cure Silicone Dispersion

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### 1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Use of the substance/mixture For dip casting of thin, elastomeric films. For professional use only.

#### 1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

NuSil Technology LLC 1050 Cindy Lane

Carpinteria, California 93013

USA

(805) 684-8780 ehs@nusil.com www.nusil.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (in US); +1 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC (International and

number Maritime)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Flam. Liq. 3 H226
Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal) H312
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour) H332
Skin Irrit. 2 H315
Eye Irrit. 2 H319
Asp. Tox. 1 H304

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

#### Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

No additional information available

#### 2.2. Label elements

#### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP)





GHS07

Signal word (CLP) Danger

Hazardous ingredients Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)

Hazard statements (CLP) H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled

H315 - Causes skin irritation

02/09/2016 EN (English) 1/14

Safety Data Sheet

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#### Precautionary statements (CLP)

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P233 - Keep container tightly closed

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge

P261 - Avoid breathing vapours, mist, spray

P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and exposed areas thoroughly after handling

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear eye protection, protective gloves, protective clothing P301+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water

P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

P321 - Specific treatment (see Section 4 on this SDS)

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray, fog to extinguish

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

P405 - Store locked up

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations

#### 2.3. Other Hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	(CAS No) 1330-20-7 (EC no) 215-535-7 (EC index no) 601-022-00-9	60 - 65	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Asp. Tox. 1, H304

Safety Data Sheet

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Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Polydimethyldiphe nyl siloxane copolymer	(CAS No) 68083-14-7	25 - 30	Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319
Siloxanes and Silicones, dimethyl, methyl hydrogen	(CAS No) 68037-59-2	1 - 5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335
3-Butyn-2-ol, 2- methyl-	(CAS No) 115-19-5 (EC no) 204-070-5	0,1 - 1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general	Never give anything by mouth to an unconsci	ous person. If you feel

unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid measures after inhalation When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected

area. Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable

Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water

for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after skin

contact

for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical advice/attention. Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact

First-aid measures after eye

contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate

medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER or doctor/physician.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause Symptoms/injuries

drowsiness and dizziness. Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful if

inhaled. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression

> such as dizziness, vomiting, numbness, drowsiness, headache, and similar narcotic symptoms. Inhalation is likely to cause adverse health effects including but not limited to: irritation, difficulty breathing, and

unconsciousness.

Symptoms/injuries after skin

contact

Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis. This material is harmful through skin contact, and can cause adverse health effects or death in significant amounts. This material may be

absorbed through the skin and eyes.

Symptoms/injuries after eye

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion

contact

Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the

conjunctiva.

Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting and

may cause lung injury.

None known. Chronic symptoms

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).

Water may be ineffective but water should be used to keep fire-

exposed container cool.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may

spread fire. Application of water stream to hot product may cause

frothing and increase fire intensity.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard Flammable liquid and vapour.

Explosion hazard May form flammable or explosive vapour-air mixture.

Reactivity Reacts violently with strong oxidisers. Increased risk of fire or

explosion.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Precautionary measures fire Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting instructions

Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of

major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely

due to the risk of explosion.

Protection during firefighting Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment,

including respiratory protection.

Other information Will decompose above 150 °C (> 300 °F) releasing formaldehyde

vapours. May produce explosive hydrogen gas on contact with

incompatibilities or upon thermal decomposition.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures Do not breathe vapour, mist or spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or

on clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use special care to

avoid static electric charges.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency procedures Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize

the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area. Eliminate ignition sources.

#### **6.2.** Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and

entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions. Ventilate area.

Methods for cleaning up Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Do not take

up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Use only non-sparking tools. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when When heated to decomposition, emits toxic fumes. Any proposed

processed use of this product in elevated-temperature processes should be

thoroughly evaluated to assure that safe operating conditions are established and maintained. Handle empty containers with care

because residual vapours are flammable.

Precautions for safe handling Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water

before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Avoid breathing vapours, mist, spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Handle empty containers with care because

they may still present a hazard. Use only outdoors or in a well-

ventilated area.

Hygiene measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

procedures.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures Comply with applicable regulations. Take action to prevent static

discharges. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment. Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight,

Storage conditions

Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight,
extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials

extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep

in fireproof place.

Incompatible products Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

Incompatible materials Heat sources. Avoid ignition sources.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

For dip casting of thin, elastomeric films. For professional use only.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)			
EU	IOELV TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (pure)	
EU	IOELV TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)	
EU	IOELV STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (pure)	
EU	IOELV STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)	
Austria	MAK (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (all isomers)	
Austria	MAK (ppm)	50 ppm (all isomers)	
Austria	MAK Short time value (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (all isomers)	
Austria	MAK Short time value (ppm)	100 ppm (all isomers)	
Austria	OEL chemical category (AT)	Skin notation	
Belgium	Limit value (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³	
Belgium	Limit value (ppm)	50 ppm	
Belgium	Short time value (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³	
Belgium	Short time value (ppm)	100 ppm	
Belgium	OEL chemical category (BE)	Skin, Skin notation pure	
Bulgaria	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221,0 mg/m³ (pure)	
Bulgaria	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)	
Bulgaria	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (pure)	
Bulgaria	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)	

Xylenes (o-, m-, p	o- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
Croatia	GVI (granična vrijednost izloženosti) (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³	
Croatia	GVI (granična vrijednost izloženosti) (ppm)	50 ppm	
Croatia	KGVI (kratkotrajna granična vrijednost izloženosti) (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³	
Croatia	KGVI (kratkotrajna granična vrijednost izloženosti) (ppm)	100 ppm	
Croatia	OEL chemical category (HR)	Skin notation	
Croatia	Croatia - BEI	1,50 mg/l Parameter: Xylene - Medium: blood - Sampling time: at the end of the shift (Alcohol before exposure to Xylene raises occurrence) 1,50 g/g Kreatinin Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: blood - Sampling time: at the end of the shift (For all results that are expressed as Creatinine, Creatinine concentration <0.5 g/L and >3.0 g/L should not be considered)	
Cyprus	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³	
Cyprus	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm	
Cyprus	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³	
Cyprus	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm	
Cyprus	OEL chemical category (CY)	Skin-potential for cutaneous absorption	
France	VLE (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (restrictive limit)	
France	VLE (ppm)	100 ppm (restrictive limit)	
France	VME (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (restrictive limit)	
France	VME (ppm)	50 ppm (restrictive limit)	
France	OEL chemical category (FR)	Risk of cutaneous absorption	
France	France - BEI	1500 mg/g Kreatinin Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift	
Germany	TRGS 900 Occupational exposure limit value (mg/m³)	440 mg/m³ (all isomers)	
Germany	TRGS 900 Occupational exposure limit value (ppm)	100 ppm (all isomers)	
Germany	TRGS 903 (BGW)	1,5 mg/l Parameter: Xylene - Medium: whole blood - Sampling time: end of shift (all isomers) 2000 mg/l Parameter: Methylhippuric(tolur- )acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift (all isomers)	
Germany	TRGS 900 chemical category	Skin notation all isomers	
Gibraltar	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (pure)	
Gibraltar	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)	
Gibraltar	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (pure)	
Gibraltar	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)	
Gibraltar	OEL chemical category (GI)	Skin notation	
Greece	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	435 mg/m³	
Greece	OEL TWA (ppm)	100 ppm	
Greece	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	650 mg/m³	
Greece	OEL STEL (ppm)	150 ppm	

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- i	somers) (1330-20-7)	
Greece	OEL chemical category (GR)	skin - potential for cutaneous absorption
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	100 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	150 ppm
Italy	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (pure)
Italy	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
Italy	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (pure)
Italy	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
Italy	OEL chemical category (IT)	skin - potential for cutaneous absorption pure
Latvia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Latvia	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
Latvia	OEL chemical category (LV)	skin - potential for cutaneous exposure
Spain	VLA-ED (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (indicative limit value)
Spain	VLA-ED (ppm)	50 ppm (indicative limit value)
Spain	VLA-EC (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³
Spain	VLA-EC (ppm)	100 ppm
Spain	OEL chemical category (ES)	skin - potential for cutaneous exposure
Spain	Spain - BEI	g/g Kreatinin Parameter: Methylhippuric     acids - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of     shift
Switzerland	VLE (mg/m³)	870 mg/m³
Switzerland	VLE (ppm)	200 ppm
Switzerland	VME (mg/m³)	435 mg/m³
Switzerland	VME (ppm)	100 ppm
Switzerland	OEL chemical category (CH)	Skin notation
Switzerland	Switzerland - BEI	1,5 g/g Kreatinin Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift, and after several shifts (for long-term exposures) 1,5 mg/l Parameter: Xylol - Medium: whole blood - Sampling time: end of shift
Netherlands	Grenswaarde TGG 8H (mg/m³)	210 mg/m³
Netherlands	Grenswaarde TGG 15MIN (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (mg/m³)	220 mg/m³
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (mg/m³)	441 mg/m³
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
United Kingdom	WEL chemical category	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Czech Republic	Expoziční limity (PEL) (mg/m³)	200 mg/m³
Czech Republic	OEL chemical category (CZ)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Czech Republic	Czech Republic - BEI	820 µmol/mmol Creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift 1400 mg/g Kreatinin Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift
Denmark	Grænseværdie (langvarig) (mg/m³)	109 mg/m³

	o- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
Denmark	Grænseværdie (langvarig) (ppm)	25 ppm
Estonia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Estonia	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
Estonia	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³
Estonia	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
Estonia	OEL chemical category (ET)	Skin notation
Finland	HTP-arvo (8h) (mg/m³)	220 mg/m³
Finland	HTP-arvo (8h) (ppm)	50 ppm
Finland	HTP-arvo (15 min)	440 mg/m³
Finland	HTP-arvo (15 min) (ppm)	100 ppm
Finland	OEL chemical category (FI)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Finland	Finland - BEI	Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift
Hungary	AK-érték	221 mg/m³
Hungary	CK-érték	442 mg/m³
Hungary	OEL chemical category (HU)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Ireland	OEL (8 hours ref) (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Ireland	OEL (8 hours ref) (ppm)	50 ppm
Ireland	OEL (15 min ref) (mg/m3)	442 mg/m³
Ireland	OEL (15 min ref) (ppm)	100 ppm
Ireland	OEL chemical category (IE)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Lithuania	IPRV (mg/m³)	200 mg/m³
Lithuania	IPRV (ppm)	50 ppm
Lithuania	TPRV (mg/m³)	450 mg/m³
Lithuania	TPRV (ppm)	100 ppm
Lithuania	OEL chemical category (LT)	Skin notation
Luxembourg	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Luxembourg	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
Luxembourg	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³
Luxembourg	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
Malta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (pure)
Malta	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
Malta	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (pure)
Malta	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
Malta	OEL chemical category (MT)	Possibility of significant uptake through the skir pure
Norway	Grenseverdier (AN) (mg/m³)	108 mg/m³
Norway	Grenseverdier (AN) (ppm)	25 ppm
Norway	Grenseverdier (Korttidsverdi) (mg/m3)	135 mg/m³
Norway	Grenseverdier (Korttidsverdi)	
Norway	(ppm) OEL chemical category (NO)	37,5 ppm Skin notation
Poland	NDS (mg/m³)	100 mg/m³
Romania	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (pure)
Romania		
	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
Romania	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (pure)

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Xylenes (o-, m-,	p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
Romania	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)	
Romania	OEL chemical category (RO)	Skin notation pure	
Romania	Romania - BEI	3 g/l Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Mediur urine - Sampling time: end of shift	
Slovakia	NPHV (priemerná) (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³	
Slovakia	NPHV (priemerná) (ppm)	50 ppm	
Slovakia	NPHV (Hraničná) (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³	
Slovakia	OEL chemical category (SK)	Potential for cutaneous absorption	
Slovakia	Slovakia - BEI	1,5 mg/l Parameter: Xylene - Medium: blood Sampling time: end of exposure or work shift (all isomers) 2000 mg/l Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of exposure or work shift	
Slovenia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³	
Slovenia	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm	
Slovenia	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³	
Slovenia	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm	
Slovenia	OEL chemical category (SL)	Potential for cutaneous absorption	
Sweden	nivågränsvärde (NVG) (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³	
Sweden	nivågränsvärde (NVG) (ppm)	50 ppm	
Sweden	kortidsvärde (KTV) (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³	
Sweden	kortidsvärde (KTV) (ppm)	100 ppm	
Sweden	OEL chemical category (SE)	Skin notation	
Portugal	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (indicative limit value)	
Portugal	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (indicative limit value)	
Portugal	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (indicative limit value)	
Portugal	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (indicative limit value)	
Portugal	OEL chemical category (PT)	A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen,skin - potential for cutaneous exposure indicative limit value	
3-Butyn-2-ol, 2-	methyl- (115-19-5)		
Austria	MAK (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³	
Austria MAK (nom)		0.9 nnm	

3-Butyn-2-ol, 2-methyl- (115-19-5)			
Austria	MAK (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³	
Austria	MAK (ppm)	0,9 ppm	
Austria	MAK Short time value (mg/m³)	6 mg/m³	
Austria	MAK Short time value (ppm)	1,8 ppm	
Germany	TRGS 900 Occupational exposure limit value (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³	
Germany	TRGS 900 Occupational exposure limit value (ppm)	0,9 ppm	

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapours may be released. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof equipment. Gas detectors should be used when toxic gases may be released.

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Personal protective equipment Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient

ventilation: wear respiratory protection.









Materials for protective clothing Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame

resistant/retardant clothing.

Hand protection Wear protective gloves. Eye protection Chemical safety goggles.

Skin and body protection Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved

respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate

ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels

are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Other information When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid

Colour : Transluscent
Odour : Solvent

Odour threshold : No data available рН : No data available Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : No data available Meltina point : No data available Freezing point : No data available Boiling point : 140 °C (284 °F) Flash point : 27 °C (80,6 °F) Auto-ignition temperature : 510 °C (950 °F)

Decomposition temperature : No data available Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available Vapour pressure : 6,4 mm Hg @ 20 °C Relative vapour density at 20 °C : No data available

Relative Density : 1 (Water = 1)

Solubility : No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Viscosity, dynamic : No data available
Explosive properties : No data available
Oxidising properties : No data available
Explosive limits : Not applicable

9.2. Other information

VOC content 62 - 68 %

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Reacts violently with strong oxidisers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Flammable liquid and vapour. May form flammable or explosive vapour-air mixture.

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#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>). Silicon oxides, Hydrocarbons, May produce explosive hydrogen gas on contact with incompatibilities or upon thermal decomposition. Will decompose above 150 °C (> 300 °F) releasing formaldehyde vapours. Formaldehyde is a potential carcinogen and can act as a potential skin and respiratory sensitizer. Formaldehyde can also cause respiratory and eye irritation.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Dermal: Harmful in contact with skin. Inhalation:vapour: Harmful if

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MED10-6400 Part B				
ATE CLP (dermal)	1809	9,211 mg/kg bodyweight		
ATE CLP (vapours)	18,0	92 mg/l/4h		
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)				
LD50 oral rat	> 50	000 mg/kg		
LD50 oral	3500	3500 mg/kg		
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	6247	6247 ppm/4h (species: Sprague-Dawley)		
ATE CLP (dermal)	1100	0,000 mg/kg bodyweight		
3-Butyn-2-ol, 2-methyl- (115-19-5)				
LD50 oral rat		1950 mg/kg		
LD50 dermal rat		> 2000 mg/kg		
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)		> 21300 mg/m³ (Exposure time: 4 h)		
LC50 inhalation rat (Vapours - mg/l/4h)		> 21,3 mg/l/4h		

LC50 inhalation rat (Dust/Mist - mg/l/4h)		4,5 mg/l/4h	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation		

Polydimethyldiphenyl siloxane copolymer (68083-14-7)

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation Not classified Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity Carcinogenicity Not classified Reproductive toxicity Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated : Not classified

exposure)

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Potential adverse human health Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. effects and symptoms

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May

be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general Toxic to aquatic life.

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Xylenes (o-, m-, p	Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
LC50 fish 1	3,3 mg/l	
EC50 Daphnia 1	3,82 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: water flea)	
LC50 fish 2	2,661 (2,661 - 4,093) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])	
3-Butyn-2-ol, 2-methyl- (115-19-5)		
LC50 fish 1		3120 (3120 - 3480) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 1		500 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
EC50 other aquat	ic organisms 1	500 mg/l (Exposure time: 72 h - Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus)
LC50 fish 2		2200 (2200 - 4600) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Leuciscus idus [static])
EC50 other aquatic organisms 2		500 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

MED10-6400 Part B	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

12:0: Blodecombiante potenna		
MED10-6400 Part B	NED10-6400 Part B	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
BCF fish 1	0,6 (0,6 - 15)	
Log Pow	2,77 - 3,15	
3-Butyn-2-ol, 2-methyl- (115-19-5)		
Log Pow	0,318 (at 25 °C)	

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No additional information available

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other information Avoid release to the environment.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional,

national, and international regulations.

Additional information : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are

flammable.

Ecology - waste materials Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the

aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN

14.1. UN number

UN-No. (ADR) 1307

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (ADR) XYLENES

Transport document description UN 1307 XYLENES (SOLUTION), 3, III, (D/E)

(ADR)

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#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class (ADR) 3 Danger labels (ADR) 3



#### 14.4. Packing group

Packing group (ADR)

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information No supplementary information available.

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

#### 14.6.1. Overland transport

Hazard identification number 30

(Kemler No.)

Classification code (ADR) F1

Orange plates

30 1307

Transport category (ADR) 3
Tunnel restriction code (ADR) D/E
Limited quantities (ADR) 5
Excepted quantities (ADR) E1
EAC code 3YE

14.6.2. Transport by sea

EmS-No. (1) F-E MFAG-No 130 EmS-No. (2) S-D

14.6.3. Air transport

No additional information available

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Not applicable

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### 15.1.1. EU-Regulations

Contains no REACH substances with Annex XVII restrictions

Contains no substance on the REACH candidate list

Contains no REACH Annex XIV substances

VOC content 62 - 68 %

#### 15.1.2. National regulations

No additional information available

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indication of changes:

Section	Section Header	Change	Date Changed
1	Identification of the	Modified	02/09/2016
	substance/mixture and of		

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	the company/undertaking		
2	Hazards identification	Modified. Removed DSD/DPD information.	02/09/2016
3	Composition/information on ingredients	Modified. Removed components not required to be listed. Removed DSD/DPD information.	02/09/2016
9	Physical and chemical properties	Modified.	02/09/2016
15.1	EU-Regulations	Modified	02/09/2016

Revision date 02/09/2016

Data sources According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its

amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830

#### Full text of H- and EUH-statements:

	·
Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapour) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids, Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure,
	Category 3, Narcosis
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure,
	Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness

#### Nusil EU GHS SDS

We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet, and is offered in good faith. Since the use of this information and of these opinions and the conditions of the use of the product are not within the control of NuSil Technology, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.



# Silicone Sales & Services UK - Ireland - Benelux

© 2020 - Polymer Systems Technology Limited™ Unit 2. Network 4. Cressex Business Park, Lincoln Road, High Wycombe, Bucks. HP12 3RF

tel: +44 (0) 1494 446610

web: https://www.silicone-polymers.com

email: sales@silicone-polymers.co.uk

