Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830 Revision date: Date of issue: 19/12/2016 25/11/2014

Version: 4.0

avantor

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product Form Product Name Synonyms Mixture MED10-6600 Part A Silicone Dispersion

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1. Relevant identified uses Use of the substance/mixture

For professional use only.

1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available **1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet** NuSil Technology LLC 1050 Cindy Lane Carpinteria, California 93013 USA (805) 684-8780 ehs@nusil.com www.nusil.com **1.4. Emergency telephone number** Emergency : 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (in US); +1 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC (International and number Maritime)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substo Classification according to Regula	
Flam. Liq. 3	H226
Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	H312
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour)	H332
Skin Irrit. 2	H315
Eye Irrit. 2	H319
Asp. Tox. 1	H304
Full text of hazard classes and H-st	atements : see section 16
Adverse physicochemical, humar	n health and environmental effects
No additional information availab	
2.2. Label elements	
Labelling according to Regulation	(EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Hazard pictograms (CLP)	CH502 CH507 CH508
Signal word (CLP)	Danger
Hazardous ingredients	Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)
Hazard statements (CLP)	H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled H315 - Causes skin irritation H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

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Precautionary statements (CLP)	P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and
	other ignition sources. No smoking
	P233 - Keep container tightly closed
	P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
	P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting
	equipment
	P242 - Use only non-sparking tools
	P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge
	P261 - Avoid breathing vapours, mist, or spray
	P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly
	after handling
	P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
	P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye
	protection
	P301+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or
	doctor
	P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water
	P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all
	contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
	P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep
	comfortable for breathing
	P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several
	minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.
	Continue rinsing
	P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell
	P321 - Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS)
	P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting
	P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention
	P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention
	P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before
	P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical powder, alcohol-
	resistant foam, carbon dioxide to extinguish
	P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool
	P405 - Store locked up
	P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local,
	regional, national, and international regulations
2.3. Other Hazards	
Other hazards not contributing to	Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory

conditions.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

the classification

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	(CAS No) 1330-20-7 (EC no) 215-535-7 (EC index no) 601-022-00-9	60 - 65	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Asp. Tox. 1, H304

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
First-aid measures after inhalation	When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after eye contact	Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms/injuries	Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful if inhaled. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression such as dizziness, vomiting, numbness, drowsiness, headache, and similar narcotic symptoms. Inhalation is likely to cause adverse health effects including but not limited to: irritation, difficulty breathing, and unconsciousness.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis. This material is harmful through skin contact, and can cause adverse health effects or death in significant amounts. This material may be absorbed through the skin and eyes.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting and may cause lung injury.
Chronic symptoms	Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis and defatting.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO ₂). Water may be ineffective but water should be used to keep fire- exposed container cool.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use a heavy water stream. A heavy water stream may spread burning liquid. Application of water stream to hot product may cause frothing and increase fire intensity.
5.2. Special hazards arising fro	om the substance or mixture
Fire hazard	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Explosion hazard	May form flammable or explosive vapour-air mixture.
Reactivity	Reacts violently with strong oxidisers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Precautionary measures fire	Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Under fire conditions, hazardous fumes will be present.

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Firefighting instructions	Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.
Protection during firefighting	Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
Other information	Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapour, mist or spray. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use special care to avoid static electric charges.
6.1.1.For non-emergency person	nel
Protective equipment Emergency procedures 6.1.2.For emergency responders	Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE). Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.
Protective equipment	
Emergency procedures	 Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area. Eliminate ignition sources.
6.2. Environmental precautions	
6.3. Methods and material for c	waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters. ontainment and cleaning up

For containment	Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and
	entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary
	measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions. Ventilate area.
Methods for cleaning up	Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Absorb
	and/or contain spill with inert material. Do not take up in
	combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Transfer
	spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Use only non-
	sparking tools. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed	Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.
Precautions for safe handling	Avoid breathing vapours, mist, spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Handle empty containers with care because they may still present a hazard.
Hygiene measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

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7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures	Comply with applicable regulations. Take action to prevent static discharges. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.
Storage conditions	Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in fireproof place.
Incompatible products Incompatible materials 7.3. Specific end use(s)	Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Heat sources.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Xylenes (o-, r	n-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
EU	IOELV TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (pure)
EU	IOELV TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
EU	IOELV STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (pure)
EU	IOELV STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
Austria	MAK (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (all isomers)
Austria	MAK (ppm)	50 ppm (all isomers)
Austria	MAK Short time value (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (all isomers)
Austria	MAK Short time value (ppm)	100 ppm (all isomers)
Austria	OEL chemical category (AT)	Skin notation
Belgium	Limit value (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Belgium	Limit value (ppm)	50 ppm
Belgium	Short time value (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³
Belgium	Short time value (ppm)	100 ppm
Belgium	OEL chemical category (BE)	Skin, Skin notation pure
Bulgaria	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221,0 mg/m³ (pure)
Bulgaria	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
Bulgaria	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (pure)
Bulgaria	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
Croatia	GVI (granična vrijednost izloženosti) (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Croatia	GVI (granična vrijednost izloženosti) (ppm)	50 ppm
Croatia	KGVI (kratkotrajna granična vrijednost izloženosti) (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³
Croatia	KGVI (kratkotrajna granična vrijednost izloženosti) (ppm)	100 ppm
Croatia	OEL chemical category (HR)	Skin notation

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	n-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
Croatia	Croatia - BEI	 1,50 mg/l Parameter: Xylene - Medium: blood - Sampling time: at the end of the shift (alcohol before exposure to Xylene raises occurrence) 1,50 g/g Kreatinin Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: blood - Sampling time: at the end of the shift (for all results that are expressed as Creatinine, Creatinine concentration less than 0.5 g/L and greater than 3.0 g/L should not be considered)
Cyprus	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m ³
Cyprus	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
Cyprus	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	442 mg/m ³
Cyprus	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
Cyprus	OEL chemical category (CY)	Skin-potential for cutaneous absorption
France	VLE (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (restrictive limit)
France	VLE (ppm)	100 ppm (restrictive limit)
France	VME (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (restrictive limit)
France	VME (ppm)	50 ppm (restrictive limit)
France France	OEL chemical category (FR) France - BEI	Risk of cutaneous absorption 1500 mg/g Kreatinin Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift
Germany	TRGS 900 Occupational exposure limit value (mg/m³)	440 mg/m ³ (all isomers)
Germany	TRGS 900 Occupational exposure limit value (ppm)	100 ppm (all isomers)
Germany	TRGS 903 (BGW)	1,5 mg/l Parameter: Xylene - Medium: whole blood - Sampling time: end of shift (all isomers) 2000 mg/l Parameter: Methylhippuric(tolur-)acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift (all isomers)
Germany	TRGS 900 chemical category	Skin notation all isomers
Gibraltar	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (pure)
Gibraltar	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
Gibraltar	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (pure)
Gibraltar	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
Gibraltar	OEL chemical category (GI)	Skin notation
Greece	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	435 mg/m ³
Greece	OEL TWA (ppm)	100 ppm

Xylenes (o-, m	-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
Greece	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	650 mg/m³
Greece	OEL STEL (ppm)	150 ppm
Greece	OEL chemical category (GR)	skin - potential for cutaneous absorption
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	100 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	150 ppm
Italy	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m ³ (pure)
Italy	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
Italy	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (pure)
Italy	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
Italy	OEL chemical category (IT)	skin - potential for cutaneous absorption pure
Latvia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Latvia	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
Latvia	OEL chemical category (LV)	skin - potential for cutaneous exposure
Spain	VLA-ED (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (indicative limit value)
Spain	VLA-ED (ppm)	50 ppm (indicative limit value)
Spain	VLA-EC (mg/m³)	442 mg/m ³
Spain	VLA-EC (ppm)	100 ppm
Spain	OEL chemical category (ES)	skin - potential for cutaneous exposure
Spain	Spain - BEI	1 g/g Kreatinin Parameter: Methylhippuric acids - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift
Switzerland	VLE (mg/m ³)	870 mg/m³
Switzerland	VLE (ppm)	200 ppm
Switzerland	VME (mg/m ³)	435 mg/m ³
Switzerland	VME (ppm)	100 ppm
Switzerland	OEL chemical category (CH)	Skin notation
Switzerland	Switzerland - BEI	1,5 g/g Kreatinin Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift, and after several shifts (for long-term exposures) 1,5 mg/l Parameter: Xylol - Medium: whole blood - Sampling time: end of shift
Netherlands	Grenswaarde TGG 8H (mg/m³)	210 mg/m ³
Netherlands	Grenswaarde TGG 15MIN (mg/m³)	442 mg/m ³
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (mg/m³)	220 mg/m³
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
United	WEL STEL (mg/m³)	441 mg/m³
Kingdom		
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
United Kingdom	WEL chemical category	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Czech	Eveneriční limity (BEL) (ma (m ³)	dbsorphori
Republic	Expoziční limity (PEL) (mg/m³)	200 mg/m³
Czech Republic	OEL chemical category (CZ)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Czech Republic	Czech Republic - BEI	820 µmol/mmol Creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift 1400 mg/g Kreatinin Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift
Denmark	Grænseværdie (langvarig) (mg/m³)	109 mg/m³
Denmark	Grænseværdie (langvarig) (ppm)	25 ppm
Estonia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Estonia	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
Estonia	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m ³
Estonia	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
Estonia	OEL chemical category (ET)	Skin notation
Finland	HTP-arvo (8h) (mg/m³)	220 mg/m ³
Finland	HTP-arvo (8h) (ppm)	50 ppm
Finland	HTP-arvo (15 min)	440 mg/m ³
Finland	HTP-arvo (15 min) (ppm)	100 ppm
Finland	OEL chemical category (FI)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Finland	Finland - BEI	Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift
Hungary	AK-érték	221 mg/m³
Hungary	CK-érték	442 mg/m³
Hungary	OEL chemical category (HU)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Ireland	OEL (8 hours ref) (mg/m³)	221 mg/m ³
Ireland	OEL (8 hours ref) (ppm)	50 ppm
Ireland	OEL (15 min ref) (mg/m3)	442 mg/m ³
Ireland	OEL (15 min ref) (ppm)	100 ppm
Ireland	OEL chemical category (IE)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Lithuania	IPRV (mg/m³)	200 mg/m ³
Lithuania	IPRV (ppm)	50 ppm
Lithuania	TPRV (mg/m ³)	450 mg/m ³
Lithuania	TPRV (ppm)	100 ppm
Lithuania	OEL chemical category (LT)	Skin notation
Luxembourg	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m ³
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Xylenes (o-, m	-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
Luxembourg	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
Luxembourg	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³
Luxembourg	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
Malta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (pure)
Malta	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
Malta	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (pure)
Malta	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
Malta	OEL chemical category (MT)	Possibility of significant uptake through the skin pure
Norway	Grenseverdier (AN) (mg/m³)	108 mg/m³
Norway	Grenseverdier (AN) (ppm)	25 ppm
Norway	Grenseverdier (Korttidsverdi) (mg/m3)	135 mg/m³ (value calculated)
Norway	Grenseverdier (Korttidsverdi) (ppm)	37,5 ppm (value calculated)
Norway	OEL chemical category (NO)	Skin notation
Poland	NDS (mg/m³)	100 mg/m³
Romania	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (pure)
Romania	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
Romania	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (pure)
Romania	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
Romania	OEL chemical category (RO)	Skin notation pure
Romania	Romania - BEI	3 g/l Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift
Slovakia	NPHV (priemerná) (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Slovakia	NPHV (priemerná) (ppm)	50 ppm
Slovakia	NPHV (Hraničná) (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³
Slovakia	OEL chemical category (SK)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Slovakia	Slovakia - BEI	1,5 mg/l Parameter: Xylene - Medium: blood - Sampling time: end of exposure or work shift (all isomers) 2000 mg/l Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of exposure or work shift
Slovenia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Slovenia	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
Slovenia	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³
Slovenia	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
Slovenia	OEL chemical category (SL)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Sweden	nivågränsvärde (NVG) (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Sweden	nivågränsvärde (NVG) (ppm)	50 ppm

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Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
Sweden	kortidsvärde (KTV) (mg/m³)	442 mg/m ³
Sweden	kortidsvärde (KTV) (ppm)	100 ppm
Sweden	OEL chemical category (SE)	Skin notation
Portugal	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (indicative limit value)
Portugal	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (indicative limit value)
Portugal	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (indicative limit value)
Portugal	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (indicative limit value)
Portugal	OEL chemical category (PT)	A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen,skin - potential for cutaneous exposure indicative limit value

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapours may be released. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof equipment. Gas detectors should be used when toxic gases may be released.
Personal protective equipment	Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.
Materials for protective clothing Hand protection Eye protection Skin and body protection Respiratory protection	Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing. Wear protective gloves. Chemical safety goggles. Wear suitable protective clothing. If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.
Other information	When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Colour	: Translucent
Odour	: Solvent
Odour threshold	: No data available
рН	: No data available
Relative evapouration rate	: No data available
(butylacetate=1)	
Melting point	: No data available

EN (English)

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: No data available
: 140 °C (284 °F)
: 27 °C (81 °F)
: 510 °C (950 °F)
: No data available
: No data available
: 6,4 mm Hg @ 20 °C (68 °F)
: No data available
: 0,93 (water = 1)
: No data available
: Not applicable

VOC content

60 - 65 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reacts violently with strong oxidisers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.

10.2. Chemical stability

Flammable liquid and vapour. May form flammable or explosive vapour-air mixture.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Silicon oxides. Will decompose above 150 °C (> 300 °F) releasing formaldehyde vapours. Formaldehyde is a potential carcinogen and can act as a potential skin and respiratory sensitizer. Formaldehyde can also cause respiratory and eye irritation.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Dermal: Harmful in contact with skin. Inhalation:vapour: Harmful if inhaled.

MED10-6600 Part A	
ATE CLP (dermal)	1700,155 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE CLP (vapours)	17,002 mg/l/4h
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 oral	3500 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	6247 ppm/4h (species: Sprague-Dawley)
ATE CLP (dermal)	1100,000 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE CLP (gases)	6247,000 ppmv/4h

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Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
ATE CLP (vapours)	11,000 mg/l/4h	
Serious eye damage/irritation Respiratory or skin sensitisation Germ cell mutagenicity	Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Not classified Not classified	
exposure) Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general

Toxic to aquatic life.

/	Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
LC50 fish 1 3,3	,3 mg/l	
EC50 Daphnia 1 3,8	,82 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: water flea)	
LC50 fish 2 2,4	,661 (2,661 - 4,093) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

MED10-6600 Part A		
Persistence and degradability	Not established.	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
MED10-6600 Part A		
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
BCF fish 1	0,6 (0,6 - 15)	
Log Pow	2,77 - 3,15	
12.4. Mobility in soil		

..4. *I*NODIIITY IN SOII

No additional information available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No additional information available

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other information

Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Waste disposal recommendations	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.
Additional information	Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.
Ecology - waste materials	Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / RID / IM	DG / IATA / ADN
14.1. UN number	
UN-No. (ADR)	1307
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper Shipping Name (ADR)	XYLENES
Transport document description	UN 1307 XYLENES (SOLUTION), 3, III, (D/E)
(ADR)	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Class (ADR)	: 3
Danger labels (ADR)	: 3
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group (ADR) 14.5. Environmental hazards	: 111
Other information	No supplementary information available.
14.6. Special precautions for us	
14.6.1. Overland transport	
Hazard identification number	: 30
(Kemler No.)	
Classification code (ADR)	: F1
Orange plates	30
	1307
Transport category (ADR)	3
Tunnel restriction code (ADR) Limited quantities (ADR)	5I
Excepted quantities (ADR)	: E1
EAC code	SYE
14.6.2. Transport by sea	
EmS-No. (1)	: F-E
MFAG-No	: 130
EmS-No. (2) 14.6.3. Air transport	S-D
14.6.3. Air transport	<u>م</u>

No additional information available

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

Contains no REACH substances with Annex XVII restrictions Contains no substance on the REACH candidate list Contains no REACH Annex XIV substances VOC content 60 - 65 %

15.1.2. National regulations

No additional information available

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15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes:

Section	Section Header	Change	Date Changed
1	Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking	Modified	19/12/2016
2	Hazards Identification	Removed DSD/DPD information. Updated classification.	19/12/2016
3	Composition/information on ingredients	Updated composition. Removed DSD/DPD information. Removed non-hazardous components.	19/12/2016
4	First aid measures	Modified	19/12/2016
5	Firefighting measures	Modified	19/12/2016
6	Accidental release measures	Modified	19/12/2016
7	Handling and storage	Modified	19/12/2016
8	Exposure controls/personal protection	Modified	19/12/2016
9	Physical and chemical properties	Modified	19/12/2016
10	Stability and reactivity	Modified	19/12/2016
11	Toxicological information	Modified	19/12/2016
15	Regulatory information	Modified	19/12/2016

Revision date Data sources 19/12/2016

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Full text of H- and EUH-statements:

Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapour) Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids, Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled

Nusil EU GHS SDS

We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet, and is offered in good faith. Since the use of this information and of these opinions and the conditions of the use of the product are not within the control of NuSil Technology, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

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Version: 3.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier Product Form

Product Name

Synonyms

Mixture MED10-6600 Part B Silicone Dispersion 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1. Relevant identified uses Use of the substance/mixture

For professional use only.

1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet NuSil Technology LLC 1050 Cindy Lane Carpinteria, California 93013 USA (805) 684-8780 ehs@nusil.com www.nusil.com 1.4. Emergency telephone number Emergency : 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (in US); +1 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC (International and number Maritime)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal) H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour) H332 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Asp. Tox. 1 H304 Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16 Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects No additional information available 2.2. Label elements Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] Hazard pictograms (CLP) GHS07 Signal word (CLP) Danger Hazardous ingredients Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) Hazard statements (CLP) H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled H315 - Causes skin irritation

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	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
Precautionary statements (CLP)	P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and
	other ignition sources. No smoking
	P233 - Keep container tightly closed
	P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
	P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting
	equipment
	P242 - Use only non-sparking tools
	P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge
	P261 - Avoid breathing vapours, mist, or spray
	P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly
	after handling
	P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
	P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye
	protection
	P301+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or
	doctor
	P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water
	P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all
	contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
	P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep
	comfortable for breathing
	P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several
	minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.
	Continue rinsing
	P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell
	P321 - Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS)
	P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting
	P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention
	P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention
	P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before
	reuse
	P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical powder, alcohol-
	resistant foam, carbon dioxide to extinguish
	P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool
	P405 - Store locked up
	P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local,
	regional, national, and international regulations
2.3. Other Hazards	
	Exposure may aggravate pre-existing every skin, or respiratory

the classification

Other hazards not contributing to Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	(CAS No) 1330-20-7 (EC no) 215-535-7 (EC index no) 601-022-00-9	60 - 65	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Asp. Tox. 1, H304

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Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Siloxanes and Silicones, dimethyl, methyl hydrogen	(CAS No) 68037-59-2	< 3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335
3-Butyn-2-ol, 2-methyl-	(CAS No) 115-19-5 (EC no) 204-070-5	<]	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
First-aid measures after inhalation	When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after skin	Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water
contact	for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after eye	Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact
contact	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
4.2. Most important symptoms of	and effects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms/injuries	Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause
	drowsiness and dizziness. Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful if
	inhaled. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression such as dizziness, vomiting, numbness, drowsiness, headache, and similar narcotic symptoms. Inhalation is likely to cause adverse health effects including but not limited to: irritation, difficulty breathing, and unconsciousness.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis. This material is harmful through skin contact, and can cause adverse health effects or death in significant amounts. This material may be absorbed through the skin and eyes.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting and may cause lung injury.
Chronic symptoms	Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis and defatting.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO ₂).
	Water may be ineffective but water should be used to keep fire-
	exposed container cool.

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Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use a heavy water stream. A heavy water stream may spread burning liquid. Application of water stream to hot product may cause frothing and increase fire intensity.
5.2. Special hazards arising fro	m the substance or mixture
Fire hazard	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Explosion hazard	May form flammable or explosive vapour-air mixture.
Reactivity	Reacts violently with strong oxidisers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Precautionary measures fire	Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Under fire conditions, hazardous fumes will be present.
Firefighting instructions	Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.
Protection during firefighting	Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
Other information	Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapour,
	mist or spray. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open
	flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use special care to
	avoid static electric charges.
6.1.1.For non-emergency personr	nel
Protective equipment	Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).
Emergency procedures	Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.
6.1.2. For emergency responders	
Protective equipment	Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
Emergency procedures	Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize
	the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public,
	secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as
	soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area. Eliminate ignition sources.
6.2. Environmental precautions	
Prevent entry to sewers and public w	aters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.
6.3. Methods and material for co	ontainment and cleaning up
For containment	Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and
	entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary
	measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions. Ventilate area.
Methods for cleaning up	Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Absorb
	and/or contain spill with inert material. Do not take up in
	combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Transfer
	spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Use only non-

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

sparking tools. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when	Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are
processed	flammable.

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Precautions for safe handling	Avoid breathing vapours, mist, spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Handle empty containers with care because they may still present a hazard. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Hygiene measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, i	ncluding any incompatibilities
Technical measures	Comply with applicable regulations. Take action to prevent static discharges. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.
Storage conditions	Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in fireproof place.
Incompatible products Incompatible materials 7.3. Specific end use(s) For professional use only.	Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidisers. Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Heat sources.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
EU	IOELV TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (pure)
EU	IOELV TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
EU	IOELV STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (pure)
EU	IOELV STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
Austria	MAK (mg/m³)	221 mg/m ³ (all isomers)
Austria	MAK (ppm)	50 ppm (all isomers)
Austria	MAK Short time value (mg/m³)	442 mg/m ³ (all isomers)
Austria	MAK Short time value (ppm)	100 ppm (all isomers)
Austria	OEL chemical category (AT)	Skin notation
Belgium	Limit value (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Belgium	Limit value (ppm)	50 ppm
Belgium	Short time value (mg/m³)	442 mg/m ³
Belgium	Short time value (ppm)	100 ppm
Belgium	OEL chemical category (BE)	Skin, Skin notation pure
Bulgaria	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221,0 mg/m³ (pure)
Bulgaria	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
Bulgaria	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (pure)
Bulgaria	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
Croatia	GVI (granična vrijednost izloženosti) (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Croatia	GVI (granična vrijednost izloženosti) (ppm)	50 ppm
Croatia	KGVI (kratkotrajna granična vrijednost izloženosti) (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³
Croatia	KGVI (kratkotrajna granična vrijednost izloženosti) (ppm)	100 ppm
Croatia	OEL chemical category (HR)	Skin notation

Xylenes (o-, m-,	Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
Croatia	Croatia - BEI	 1,50 mg/l Parameter: Xylene - Medium: blood - Sampling time: at the end of the shift (alcohol before exposure to Xylene raises occurrence) 1,50 g/g Kreatinin Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: blood - Sampling time: at the end of the shift (for all results that are expressed as Creatinine, Creatinine concentration less than 0.5 g/L and greater than 3.0 g/L should not be considered) 	
Cyprus	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³	
Cyprus	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm	
Cyprus	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	442 mg/m ³	
Cyprus	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm	
Cyprus	OEL chemical category (CY)	Skin-potential for cutaneous absorption	
France	VLE (mg/m³)	442 mg/m ³ (restrictive limit)	
France	VLE (ppm)	100 ppm (restrictive limit)	
France	VME (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (restrictive limit)	
France	VME (ppm)	50 ppm (restrictive limit)	
France	OEL chemical category (FR)	Risk of cutaneous absorption	
France Germany	France - BEI TRGS 900 Occupational exposure limit value (mg/m³)	 1500 mg/g Kreatinin Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift 440 mg/m³ (all isomers) 	
Germany	TRGS 900 Occupational exposure limit value (ppm)	100 ppm (all isomers)	
Germany	TRGS 903 (BGW)	1,5 mg/l Parameter: Xylene - Medium: whole blood - Sampling time: end of shift (all isomers) 2000 mg/l Parameter: Methylhippuric(tolur-)acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift (all isomers)	
Germany	TRGS 900 chemical category	Skin notation all isomers	
Gibraltar	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (pure)	
Gibraltar	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)	
Gibraltar	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (pure)	
Gibraltar	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)	
Gibraltar	OEL chemical category (GI)	Skin notation	
Greece	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	435 mg/m³	
Greece	OEL TWA (ppm)	100 ppm	
Greece	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	650 mg/m³	
Greece	OEL STEL (ppm)	150 ppm	
Greece	OEL chemical category (GR)	skin - potential for cutaneous absorption	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	100 ppm	

Xylenes (o-, m-, p-	· isomers) (1330-20-7)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	150 ppm
Italy	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (pure)
Italy OEL TWA (ppm) 50 ppm (pure		50 ppm (pure)
Italy	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (pure)
Italy	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
Italy	OEL chemical category (IT)	skin - potential for cutaneous absorption pure
Latvia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Latvia	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
Latvia	OEL chemical category (LV)	skin - potential for cutaneous exposure
Spain	VLA-ED (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (indicative limit value)
Spain	VLA-ED (ppm)	50 ppm (indicative limit value)
Spain	VLA-EC (mg/m³)	442 mg/m ³
Spain	VLA-EC (ppm)	100 ppm
Spain	OEL chemical category (ES)	skin - potential for cutaneous exposure
Spain	Spain - BEI	1 g/g Kreatinin Parameter: Methylhippuric acids - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift
Switzerland	VLE (mg/m³)	870 mg/m³
Switzerland	VLE (ppm)	200 ppm
Switzerland	VME (mg/m³)	435 mg/m ³
Switzerland	VME (ppm)	100 ppm
Switzerland	OEL chemical category (CH)	Skin notation
Switzerland	Switzerland - BEI	 1,5 g/g Kreatinin Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift, and after several shifts (for long-term exposures) 1,5 mg/l Parameter: Xylol - Medium: whole blood - Sampling time: end of shift
Netherlands	Grenswaarde TGG 8H (mg/m³)	210 mg/m ³
Netherlands	Grenswaarde TGG 15MIN (mg/m³)	442 mg/m ³
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (mg/m³)	220 mg/m³
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (mg/m³)	441 mg/m³
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
United Kingdom	WEL chemical category	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Czech Republic	Expoziční limity (PEL) (mg/m³)	200 mg/m³
Czech Republic	OEL chemical category (CZ)	Potential for cutaneous absorption

	somers) (1330-20-7)	
Czech Republic	Czech Republic - BEI	820 µmol/mmol Creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift 1400 mg/g Kreatinin Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift
Denmark	Grænseværdie (langvarig) (mg/m³)	109 mg/m ³
Denmark	Grænseværdie (langvarig) (ppm)	25 ppm
Estonia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	221 mg/m ³
Estonia	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
Estonia	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m ³
Estonia	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
Estonia	OEL chemical category (ET)	Skin notation
Finland	HTP-arvo (8h) (mg/m³)	220 mg/m ³
Finland	HTP-arvo (8h) (ppm)	50 ppm
Finland	HTP-arvo (15 min)	440 mg/m ³
Finland	HTP-arvo (15 min) (ppm)	100 ppm
Finland	OEL chemical category (FI)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Finland	Finland - BEI	Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift
Hungary	AK-érték	221 mg/m³
Hungary	CK-érték	442 mg/m ³
Hungary	OEL chemical category (HU)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Ireland	OEL (8 hours ref) (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Ireland	OEL (8 hours ref) (ppm)	50 ppm
Ireland	OEL (15 min ref) (mg/m3)	442 mg/m³
Ireland	OEL (15 min ref) (ppm)	100 ppm
Ireland	OEL chemical category (IE)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Lithuania	IPRV (mg/m³)	200 mg/m³
Lithuania	IPRV (ppm)	50 ppm
Lithuania	TPRV (mg/m³)	450 mg/m³
Lithuania	TPRV (ppm)	100 ppm
Lithuania	OEL chemical category (LT)	Skin notation
Luxembourg	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Luxembourg	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
Luxembourg	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m ³
Luxembourg	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
Malta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (pure)
Malta	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
Malta	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (pure)
Malta	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
Malta	OEL chemical category (MT)	Possibility of significant uptake through the skin pure
Norway	Grenseverdier (AN) (mg/m³)	108 mg/m ³

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
Norway	Grenseverdier (AN) (ppm)	25 ppm
Norway	Grenseverdier (Korttidsverdi) (mg/m3)	135 mg/m³ (value calculated)
Norway	Grenseverdier (Korttidsverdi) (ppm)	37,5 ppm (value calculated)
Norway	OEL chemical category (NO)	Skin notation
Poland	NDS (mg/m³)	100 mg/m ³
Romania	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m ³ (pure)
Romania	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
Romania	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m ³ (pure)
Romania	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
Romania	OEL chemical category (RO)	Skin notation pure
Romania	Romania - BEI	3 g/l Parameter: Methylhippuric
		acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift
Slovakia	NPHV (priemerná) (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Slovakia	NPHV (priemerná) (ppm)	50 ppm
Slovakia	NPHV (Hraničná) (mg/m³)	442 mg/m ³
Slovakia	OEL chemical category (SK)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Slovakia	Slovakia - BEl	 1,5 mg/l Parameter: Xylene - Medium: blood - Sampling time: end of exposure or work shift (all isomers) 2000 mg/l Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of exposure or work shift
Slovenia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Slovenia	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
Slovenia	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m ³
Slovenia	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
Slovenia	OEL chemical category (SL)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Sweden	nivågränsvärde (NVG) (mg/m³)	221 mg/m ³
Sweden	nivågränsvärde (NVG) (ppm)	50 ppm
Sweden	kortidsvärde (KTV) (mg/m³)	442 mg/m ³
Sweden	kortidsvärde (KTV) (ppm)	100 ppm
Sweden	OEL chemical category (SE)	Skin notation
Portugal	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (indicative limit value)
Portugal	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (indicative limit value)
Portugal	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (indicative limit value)
Portugal	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (indicative limit value)
Portugal	OEL chemical category (PT)	A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen,skin - potential for cutaneous exposure indicative limit value
3-Butyn-2-ol, 2-	methyl- (115-19-5)	
Austria	MAK (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³
		0,9 ppm
Austria MAK Short time value (mg/m³)		6 mg/m ³

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3-Butyn-2-ol, 2-methyl- (115-19-5)		
Austria	MAK Short time value (ppm)	1,8 ppm
Germany TRGS 900 Occupational exposure limit value (mg/m³) 3 mg/m³		3 mg/m³
Germany	TRGS 900 Occupational exposure limit value (ppm)	0,9 ppm

8.2. Exposure controls

Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapours may be released. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof equipment. Gas detectors should be used when toxic gases may be released.
Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.
Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.
Wear protective gloves.
Chemical safety goggles.
Wear suitable protective clothing.
If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Other information When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Colour	: Translucent
Odour	: Solvent
Odour threshold	: No data available
рН	: No data available
Relative evapouration rate	: No data available
(butylacetate=1)	
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 140 °C (284 °F)
Flash point	: 27 °C (81 °F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: 510 °C (950 °F)
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: 6,4 mm Hg @ 20 °C (68 °F)
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative Density	: 0,93 (water = 1)
Solubility	: No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
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Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidising properties	: No data available
Explosive limits	: No data available
9.2. Other information	
VOC content	60 - 65 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reacts violently with strong oxidisers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.

10.2. Chemical stability

Flammable liquid and vapour. May form flammable or explosive vapour-air mixture.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidisers.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Silicon oxides. Will decompose above 150 °C (> 300 °F) releasing formaldehyde vapours. Formaldehyde is a potential carcinogen and can act as a potential skin and respiratory sensitizer. Formaldehyde can also cause respiratory and eye irritation. May produce explosive hydrogen gas on contact with incompatibilities or upon thermal decomposition.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Dermal: Harmful in contact with skin. Inhalation:vapour: Harmful if inhaled.

MED10-6600 Part B		
ATE CLP (dermal)	1735,016 mg/kg bodyweight	
ATE CLP (vapours)	17,350 mg/l/4h	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
LD50 oral	3500 mg/kg	
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	6247 ppm/4h (species: Sprague-Dawley)	
ATE CLP (dermal)	1100,000 mg/kg bodyweight	
ATE CLP (vapours)	11,000 mg/l/4h	
3-Butyn-2-ol, 2-methyl- (115-19-5)		
LD50 oral rat	1950 mg/kg	
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 21300 mg/m³ (Exposure time: 4 h)	
Skin corrosion/irritationCauses skin irritation.Serious eye damage/irritationCauses serious eye irritation.Respiratory or skin sensitisationNot classifiedGerm cell mutagenicityNot classifiedCarcinogenicityNot classifiedReproductive toxicityNot classifiedSpecific target organ toxicity (single exposure)Not classified		

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Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

: Not classified

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general

Toxic to aquatic life.

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
LC50 fish 1	3,3 mg/l	
EC50 Daphnia 1	3,82 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: water flea)	
LC50 fish 2	2,661 (2,661 - 4,093) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])	
3-Butyn-2-ol, 2-me	ethyl- (115-19-5)	
LC50 fish 1	3120 (3120 - 3480) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow- through])	
EC50 Daphnia 1	500 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)	
EC50 other aquati organisms 1	c 500 mg/l (Exposure time: 72 h - Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus)	
LC50 fish 2	2200 (2200 - 4600) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Leuciscus idus [static])	
EC50 other aquati organisms 2	c 500 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus)	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

MED10-6600 Part B			
Persistence and degradability	Not established.		
12.3. Bioaccumulative potentia	12.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
MED10-6600 Part B			
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.		
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)			
BCF fish 1	0,6 (0,6 - 15)		
Log Pow	2,77 - 3,15		
3-Butyn-2-ol, 2-methyl- (115-19-5)			
Log Pow	0,318 (at 25 °C)		
12.4. Mobility in soil			

No additional information available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No additional information available

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other information

Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.
Additional information	Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.
Ecology - waste materials	Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / RID / IM	DG / IATA / ADN
14.1. UN number	
UN-No. (ADR)	1307
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper Shipping Name (ADR)	XYLENES
Transport document description	UN 1307 XYLENES (SOLUTION), 3, III, (D/E)
(ADR)	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class (ADR)	: 3
Danger labels (ADR)	: 3
	when
	3
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group (ADR)	: 111
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Other information	No supplementary information available.
14.6. Special precautions for us	
14.6.1. Overland transport	
Hazard identification number	: 30
(Kemler No.)	
Classification code (ADR)	: F1
Orange plates	30
	1207
	1307
Transport category (ADR)	3
Tunnel restriction code (ADR)	: D/E
Limited quantities (ADR)	51
Excepted quantities (ADR)	
EAC code 14.6.2. Transport by sea	3YE
14.6.2. Transport by sea EmS-No. (1)	: F-E
MFAG-NO	130
EmS-No. (2)	S-D
14.6.3. Air transport	
No additional information available	<u>م</u>

No additional information available

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

Contains no REACH substances with Annex XVII restrictions Contains no substance on the REACH candidate list Contains no REACH Annex XIV substances VOC content 60 - 65 %

15.1.2. National regulations

No additional information available

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15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes:

Section	Section Header	Change	Date Changed
1	Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking	Modified	19/12/2016
2	Hazards Identification	Removed DSD/DPD information. Updated classification.	19/12/2016
3	Composition/information on ingredients	Updated composition. Removed DSD/DPD information. Removed non-hazardous components.	19/12/2016
4	First aid measures	Modified	19/12/2016
5	Firefighting measures	Modified	19/12/2016
6	Accidental release measures	Modified	19/12/2016
7	Handling and storage	Modified	19/12/2016
8	Exposure controls/personal protection	Modified	19/12/2016
9	Physical and chemical properties	Modified	19/12/2016
10	Stability and reactivity	Modified	19/12/2016
11	Toxicological information	Modified	19/12/2016
12	Ecological information	Modified	19/12/2016
15	Regulatory information	Modified	19/12/2016

Revision date Data sources 19/12/2016

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Full text of H- and EUH-statements:

Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4	
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapour) Category 4	
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4	
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1	
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1	
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2	
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids, Category 2	
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids, Category 3	
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2	
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3,	
	Respiratory tract irritation	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour	
H302	Harmful if swallowed	
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways	
H312	Harmful in contact with skin	
H315	Causes skin irritation	
H318	Causes serious eye damage	

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[H319	Causes serious eye irritation
	H332	Harmful if inhaled
	H335	May cause respiratory irritation

Nusil EU GHS SDS

We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet, and is offered in good faith. Since the use of this information and of these opinions and the conditions of the use of the product are not within the control of NuSil Technology, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.



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