

Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830 Revision date: 05/08/2020 Date of issue: 11/07/2014

Version: 4.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the Substance/mixture and of the Company/Undertaking

Product Identifier 1.1.

Product form Mixture Product Name R-1008-7 Synonyms Silicone Ink

1.2. Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

1.2.1. Relevant Identified Uses

Use of the Substance/Mixture For professional use only.

1.2.2. Uses Advised Against

No additional information available

Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

NuSil Technology Europe 1198 Avenue Maurice Donat Le Natura Bt. 2 06250 Mougins France +33 4 92 96 93 31

ehs@nusil.com

www.nusil.com

Emergency Telephone Number

: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (in US); +1 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC **Emergency Number**

(International and Maritime)

+(44)-870-8200418 +(353)-19014670

SECTION 2: Hazards Identification

Classification of the Substance or Mixture 2.1.

Classification According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eve Irrit. 2 H319 Skin Sens. 1 H317 STOT SE 3 H335 STOT RE 2 H373 Asp. Tox. 1 H304

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

2.2. Label Elements

Labelling According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard Pictograms (CLP)





GHS07

Signal Word (CLP)

05/08/2020

Danger

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| Hazardous Ingredients | 2-Butanone, | \bigcirc | mathylcily | didyna | ltriavima. D | Nibutyltin |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|--------------|---------------|----------------------|----------------|------------|
| Hazaraous ingreaterns | 2-buildi 1011 0 , | . 0,0 ,0 -(1 | 1110111913119 | yllayıl a | JIIIOXIIIIE, L | NOUTYIIIT |

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

Hazard Statements (CLP)

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

dilaurate; Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H373 - May cause damage to organs (blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral).

Precautionary Statements (CLP)

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.

P242 - Use non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.

P260 - Do not breathe mist, spray, vapours

P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and exposed areas thoroughly after handling

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective

P301+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water

P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 - Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor if you feel unwell.

P321 - Specific treatment (see Section 4 on this SDS)

P331 - Do NOT induce vomitina.

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use appropriate media (see section 5) to extinguish

P403+P233+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

2.3. Other Hazards

Contains PBT/vPvB substances ≥ 0.1% assessed in accordance with REACH Annex XIII

Other Hazards Not Contributing Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory to the Classification conditions.

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

| Name | Product Identifier | % | Classification According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] |
|--|---|---------|--|
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | (CAS-No.) Not Applicable (REACH Registration No.) 01-2119539452-40-0053 (EC-No.) 905-588-0 | 10 - 30 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 |
| 2-Butanone, O,O',O"- (methylsilylidyne)trioxime | (CAS-No.) 22984-54-9 (EC-No.) 245-366-4 | < 15 | Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 |
| Dibutyltin dilaurate | (CAS-No.) 77-58-7 (EC-No.) 201-039-8 (EC Index-No.) 050-030-00-3 | < 0,3 | Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Repr. 1B, H360 STOT SE 1, H370 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 |
| Octamethylcyclo tetrasiloxane | (CAS-No.) 556-67-2 (EC-No.) 209-136-7 (EC Index-No.) 014-018-00-1 | < 0,3 | Repr. 2, H361f Aquatic Chronic 4, H413 |
| Decamethylcyclo pentasiloxane | (CAS-No.) 541-02-6 (EC-No.) 208-764-9 | < 0,3 | Not classified |
| Dodecamethylcyclo hexasiloxane | (CAS-No.) 540-97-6 (EC-No.) 208-762-8 | < 0,3 | Not classified |

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

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SECTION 4: First Aid Measures

4.1. **Description of First-aid Measures**

First-Aid Measures General Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you

feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where

possible).

First-Aid Measures After When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate

suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty Inhalation

persists.

First-Aid Measures After Skin

Contact

Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Immediately drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain

medical attention if irritation/rash develops or persists.

First-Aid Measures After Eye

Contact

Immediately rinse with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Obtain medical attention.

Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Immediately call a First-Aid Measures After

POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Inaestion

Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed 4.2.

Symptoms/Effects May cause respiratory irritation. May cause damage to organs

> through prolonged or repeated exposure. Skin sensitisation. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May be fatal

if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms/Effects After

Inhalation

May cause irritation to the respiratory tract, sneezing, coughing,

burning sensation of throat with constricting sensation of the

larynx and difficulty in breathing.

Symptoms/Effects After Skin

Contact

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Redness, pain, swelling,

itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis.

Symptoms/Effects After Eye

Contact

Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the

conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Effects After

Ingestion

Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting

and may cause lung injury.

Chronic Symptoms May cause damage to organs (blood) through prolonged or

repeated exposure (Oral).

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed 4.3.

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: Firefighting Measures

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media Dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide

(CO₂). Water may be ineffective but water should be used to

keep fire-exposed container cool.

Do not use a heavy water stream. A heavy water stream may Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

spread burning liquid.

5.2. Special Hazards Arisina From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard Flammable liquid and vapour.

Explosion Hazard May form flammable or explosive vapour-air mixture.

Reactivity Reacts violently with strong oxidisers. Increased risk of fire or

explosion.

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Hazardous Decomposition Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Silicon oxides. Oxides of tin. Products in Case of Fire

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire

remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Protection During Firefighting Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment,

including respiratory protection.

Other Information Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Keep away from

heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use special care to avoid static electric

charges. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE). Emergency Procedures Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.1.2. For Emergency Responders

Protective Equipment Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures

Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect ones.

recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area.

Eliminate ignition sources.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration

and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate

precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions.

Methods For Cleaning Up Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely.

Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Use only non-

sparking tools.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: Handling And Storage

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours

Processed are flammable.

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Precautions for Safe Handling Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and

water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do

not breathe vapours, mist, spray.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

procedures.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures Comply with applicable regulations. Take action to prevent

static discharges. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and

lighting equipment.

Storage Conditions Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight,

extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store locked up/in a secure area. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in

fireproof place.

Incompatible Materials Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

7.3. Specific End Use(S) For professional use only.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1. Control Parameters

| Tin organic compound | ds | |
|----------------------|---|--|
| Austria | MAK (mg/m³) | 0,1 mg/m³ (except tri-n-Butyltin compounds-inhalable fraction) |
| Austria | MAK Short time value (mg/m³) | 0,2 mg/m³ (except Tri-n-butyltin compounds-inhalable fraction) |
| Austria | OEL chemical category (AT) | Skin notation except Tri-n-butyItin compounds |
| Belgium | Limit value (mg/m³) | 0,1 mg/m³ |
| Belgium | Short time value (mg/m³) | 0,2 mg/m³ |
| Belgium | OEL chemical category (BE) | Skin |
| Bulgaria | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 0,1 mg/m³ |
| Croatia | GVI (granična vrijednost izloženosti) (mg/m³) | 0,1 mg/m³ (except Cyhexatin) |
| Croatia | KGVI (kratkotrajna granična vrijednost izloženosti) (mg/m³) | 0,2 mg/m³ (except Cyhexatin) |
| Czech Republic | Expoziční limity (PEL) (mg/m³) | 0,1 mg/m³ |
| Czech Republic | OEL chemical category (CZ) | Potential for cutaneous absorption |
| Denmark | Grænsevædi (8 timer) (mg/m³) | 0,1 mg/m³ (except Tri-n-butyltin compounds) |
| Estonia | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 0,1 mg/m³ |
| Estonia | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 0,2 mg/m³ |
| Estonia | OEL chemical category (ET) | Skin notation |

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| | LITE curves (Ola) (100 a) (100 a) | 0.1 /3 |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| Finland | HTP-arvo (8h) (mg/m³) | 0,1 mg/m³ |
| Finland | HTP-arvo (15 min) | 0,3 mg/m³ |
| Finland | OEL chemical category (FI) | Potential for cutaneous absorption |
| France | VLE (mg/m³) | 0,2 mg/m³ |
| France | VME (mg/m³) | 0,1 mg/m³ |
| Greece | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 0,1 mg/m³ |
| Greece | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 0,2 mg/m³ |
| Greece | OEL chemical category (GR) | skin - potential for cutaneous absorption |
| Hungary | AK-érték | 0,1 mg/m³ |
| Hungary | CK-érték | 0,4 mg/m³ |
| Hungary | OEL chemical category (HU) | Potential for cutaneous absorption |
| Ireland | OEL (8 hours ref) (mg/m³) | 0,1 mg/m³ |
| Ireland | OEL (15 min ref) (mg/m3) | 0,2 mg/m³ |
| Lithuania | IPRV (mg/m³) | 0,1 mg/m³ |
| Lithuania | TPRV (mg/m³) | 0,2 mg/m³ |
| Lithuania | OEL chemical category (LT) | Skin notation |
| Norway | Grenseverdier (AN) (mg/m³) | 0,1 mg/m³ |
| Norway | Grenseverdier (Korttidsverdi) | |
| Tionay | (mg/m3) | 0,3 mg/m³ (value calculated) |
| Norway | OEL chemical category (NO) | Skin notation |
| Portugal | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 0,1 mg/m³ |
| Portugal | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 0,2 mg/m³ |
| Portugal | OEL chemical category (PT) | A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen,skin - potential for cutaneous exposure |
| Romania | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 0,05 mg/m³ |
| Romania | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 0,15 mg/m³ |
| Slovakia | NPHV (priemerná) (mg/m³) | 0,1 mg/m³ |
| Slovakia | NPHV (Hraničná) (mg/m³) | 0,2 mg/m³ |
| Slovakia | OEL chemical category (SK) | Potential for cutaneous absorption |
| Spain | VLA-ED (mg/m³) | 0,1 mg/m³ |
| Spain | VLA-EC (mg/m³) | 0,2 mg/m³ |
| Spain | OEL chemical category (ES) | skin - potential for cutaneous absorption |
| Sweden | nivågränsvärde (NVG) (mg/m³) | 0,1 mg/m³ (total dust) |
| Sweden | kortidsvärde (KTV) (mg/m³) | 0,2 mg/m³ (total dust) |
| Sweden | OEL chemical category (SE) | Skin notation |
| Switzerland | KZGW (mg/m³) | 0,2 mg/m³ (inhalable dust) |
| Switzerland | MAK (mg/m³) | 0,1 mg/m³ (inhalable dust) |
| Switzerland | OEL chemical category (CH) | Skin notation |
| United Kingdom | WEL TWA (mg/m³) | 0,1 mg/m³ (except Cyhexatin) |
| United Kingdom | WEL STEL (mg/m³) | 0,2 mg/m³ (except Cyhexatin) |
| ormod Kingdom | ** >: (!!!9/!!! / | 1 0,2 mg/m (oxcopi cynoxum) |

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| United Kingdom | WEL chemical category | Potential for cutaneous absorption except Cyhexatin |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| Reaction mass of ethy | lbenzene and xylene | |
| (REACH Registration N | lo.) 01-2119539452-40-0053 | |
| EU | IOELV TWA (mg/m³) | 221 mg/m³ (pure) |
| EU | IOELV TWA (ppm) | 50 ppm (pure) |
| EU | IOELV STEL (mg/m³) | 442 mg/m³ (pure) |
| EU | IOELV STEL (ppm) | 100 ppm (pure) |
| EU | Notes | Possibility of significant uptake through the skin (pure) |
| Austria | MAK (mg/m³) | 221 mg/m³ (all isomers) |
| Austria | MAK (ppm) | 50 ppm (all isomers) |
| Austria | MAK Short time value (mg/m³) | 442 mg/m³ |
| Austria | MAK Short time value (ppm) | 100 ppm |
| Belgium | Limit value (mg/m³) | 221 mg/m³ |
| Belgium | Limit value (ppm) | 50 ppm |
| Belgium | Short time value (mg/m³) | 442 mg/m³ |
| Belgium | Short time value (ppm) | 100 ppm |
| Belgium | OEL chemical category (BE) | Skin, Skin notation pure |
| Bulgaria | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 221 mg/m³ (pure) |
| Bulgaria | OEL TWA (ppm) | 50 ppm (pure) |
| Bulgaria | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 442 mg/m³ (pure) |
| Bulgaria | OEL STEL (ppm) | 100 ppm (pure) |
| Croatia | GVI (granična vrijednost izloženosti) (mg/m³) | 221 mg/m³ |
| Croatia | GVI (granična vrijednost izloženosti) (ppm) | 50 ppm |
| Croatia | KGVI (kratkotrajna granična vrijednost izloženosti) (mg/m³) | 442 mg/m³ |
| Croatia | KGVI (kratkotrajna granična vrijednost izloženosti) (ppm) | 100 ppm |
| Croatia | OEL chemical category (HR) | Skin notation |
| Croatia | Croatia - BLV | 1,5 mg/l Parameter: Xylene - Medium: blood - Sampling time: at the end of the work shift (alcohol before exposure to Xylene raises occurrence) 1,5 g/g creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: at the end of the work shift (calculated on the average Creatinine value of 1.2 g/L urine) |
| Cyprus | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 221 mg/m³ |
| Cyprus | OEL TWA (ppm) | 50 ppm |
| Cyprus | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 442 mg/m³ |
| Cyprus | OEL STEL (ppm) | 100 ppm |

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| | (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830 | |
|----------------|---|---|
| Cyprus | OEL chemical category (CY) | Skin-potential for cutaneous absorption |
| Czech Republic | Expoziční limity (PEL) (mg/m³) | 200 mg/m³ |
| Czech Republic | OEL chemical category (CZ) | Potential for cutaneous absorption |
| Czech Republic | Czech Republic - BLV | 820 µmol/mmol Creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift 1400 mg/g creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift |
| Denmark | Grænsevædi (8 timer) (mg/m³) | 109 mg/m³ (Xylene, all isomers) |
| Denmark | Grænsevædi (8 timer) (ppm) | 25 ppm (Xylene, all isomers) |
| Estonia | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 200 mg/m³ |
| Estonia | OEL TWA (ppm) | 50 ppm |
| Estonia | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 450 mg/m³ |
| Estonia | OEL STEL (ppm) | 100 ppm |
| Estonia | OEL chemical category (ET) | Skin notation |
| Finland | HTP-arvo (8h) (mg/m³) | 220 mg/m³ |
| Finland | HTP-arvo (8h) (ppm) | 50 ppm |
| Finland | HTP-arvo (15 min) | 440 mg/m³ |
| Finland | HTP-arvo (15 min) (ppm) | 100 ppm |
| Finland | OEL chemical category (FI) | Potential for cutaneous absorption |
| Finland | Finland - BLV | Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: after the shift |
| France | VLE (mg/m³) | 442 mg/m³ (restrictive limit) |
| France | VLE (ppm) | 100 ppm (restrictive limit) |
| France | VME (mg/m³) | 221 mg/m³ (restrictive limit) |
| France | VME (ppm) | 50 ppm (restrictive limit) |
| France | OEL chemical category (FR) | Risk of cutaneous absorption |
| France | France - BLV | 1500 mg/g creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift |
| Germany | Occupational exposure limit value (mg/m³) | 440 mg/m³ (all isomers) |
| Germany | Occupational exposure limit value (ppm) | 100 ppm (all isomers) |
| Germany | TRGS 903 Biological limit value | 2000 mg/l Parameter: Methylhippuric(tolur-)acid (all isomers) - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift (all isomers) |
| Germany | Chemical category | Skin notation all isomers |
| Gibraltar | Eight hours mg/m3 | 221 mg/m³ (pure) |
| Gibraltar | Eight hours ppm | 50 ppm (pure) |
| Gibraltar | Short-term mg/m3 | 442 mg/m³ (pure) |

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|---|--|---|
| Gibraltar | Short-term ppm | 100 ppm (pure) |
| Gibraltar | OEL chemical category (GI) | Skin notation pure |
| Greece | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 435 mg/m³ |
| Greece | OEL TWA (ppm) | 100 ppm |
| Greece | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 650 mg/m³ |
| Greece | OEL STEL (ppm) | 150 ppm |
| Greece | OEL chemical category (GR) | skin - potential for cutaneous |
| | | absorption |
| Hungary | AK-érték | 221 mg/m³ |
| Hungary | CK-érték | 442 mg/m³ |
| Hungary | OEL chemical category (HU) | Potential for cutaneous absorption |
| Ireland | OEL (8 hours ref) (mg/m³) | 221 mg/m³ |
| Ireland | OEL (8 hours ref) (ppm) | 50 ppm |
| Ireland | OEL (15 min ref) (mg/m3) | 442 mg/m³ |
| Ireland | OEL (15 min ref) (ppm) | 100 ppm |
| Ireland | OEL chemical category (IE) | Potential for cutaneous absorption |
| Italy | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 221 mg/m³ (pure) |
| Italy | OEL TWA (ppm) | 50 ppm (pure) |
| Italy | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 442 mg/m³ (pure) |
| Italy | OEL STEL (ppm) | 100 ppm (pure) |
| Italy | OEL chemical category (IT) | skin - potential for cutaneous |
| | | absorption pure |
| Latvia | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 221 mg/m³ |
| Latvia | OEL TWA (ppm) | 50 ppm |
| Latvia | OEL chemical category (LV) | skin - potential for cutaneous exposure |
| Lithuania | IPRV (mg/m³) | 221 mg/m³ (mixed isomers, pure) |
| Lithuania | IPRV (ppm) | 50 ppm (mixed isomers, pure) |
| Lithuania | TPRV (mg/m³) | 442 mg/m³ (mixed isomers, pure) |
| Lithuania | TPRV (ppm) | 100 ppm (mixed isomers, pure) |
| Lithuania | OEL chemical category (LT) | Skin notation |
| Luxembourg | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 221 mg/m³ |
| Luxembourg | OEL TWA (ppm) | 50 ppm |
| Luxembourg | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 442 mg/m³ |
| Luxembourg | OEL STEL (ppm) | 100 ppm |
| Luxembourg | OEL chemical category (LU) | Possibility of significant uptake through the skin |
| Malta | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 221 mg/m³ (pure) |
| Malta | OEL TWA (ppm) | 50 ppm (pure) |
| Malta | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 442 mg/m³ (pure) |
| Malta | OEL STEL (ppm) | 100 ppm (pure) |
| Malta | OEL chemical category (MT) | Possibility of significant uptake through the skin pure |
| Netherlands | Grenswaarde TGG 8H (mg/m³) | 210 mg/m³ |
| | | |

| Netherlands | Grenswaarde TGG 15MIN (mg/m³) | 442 mg/m³ |
|-------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Norway | Grenseverdier (AN) (mg/m³) | 108 mg/m³ |
| Norway | Grenseverdier (AN) (ppm) | 25 ppm |
| Norway | Grenseverdier (Korttidsverdi) | |
| , | (mg/m3) | 135 mg/m³ (value calculated) |
| Norway | Grenseverdier (Korttidsverdi) | |
| | (ppm) | 37,5 ppm (value calculated) |
| Norway | OEL chemical category (NO) | Skin notation |
| Poland | NDS (mg/m³) | 100 mg/m³ (mixture of isomers) |
| Poland | NDSCh (mg/m³) | 200 mg/m³ (mixture of isomers) |
| Portugal | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 221 mg/m³ (indicative limit value) |
| Portugal | OEL TWA (ppm) | 50 ppm (indicative limit value) |
| Portugal | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 442 mg/m³ (indicative limit value) |
| Portugal | OEL STEL (ppm) | 100 ppm (indicative limit value) |
| Portugal | OEL chemical category (PT) | A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human |
| | | Carcinogen |
| Romania | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 221 mg/m³ (pure) |
| Romania | OEL TWA (ppm) | 50 ppm (pure) |
| Romania | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 442 mg/m³ (pure) |
| Romania | OEL STEL (ppm) | 100 ppm (pure) |
| Romania | OEL chemical category (RO) | Skin notation pure |
| Romania | Romania - BLV | 3 g/l Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift |
| Slovakia | NPHV (priemerná) (mg/m³) | 221 mg/m³ |
| Slovakia | NPHV (priemerná) (ppm) | 50 ppm |
| Slovakia | NPHV (Hraničná) (mg/m³) | 442 mg/m³ |
| Slovakia | OEL chemical category (SK) | Potential for cutaneous absorption |
| Slovakia | Slovakia - BLV | 1,5 mg/l Parameter: Xylene - Medium: blood - Sampling time: end of exposure or work shift (all isomers) 2000 mg/l Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of exposure or work shift |
| Slovenia | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 221 mg/m³ |
| Slovenia | OEL TWA (ppm) | 50 ppm |
| Slovenia | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 442 mg/m³ |
| Slovenia | OEL STEL (ppm) | 100 ppm |
| Slovenia | OEL chemical category (SI) | Potential for cutaneous absorption |
| Spain | VLA-ED (mg/m³) | 221 mg/m³ (indicative limit value) |
| Spain | VLA-ED (ppm) | 50 ppm (indicative limit value) |
| Spain | VLA-EC (mg/m³) | 442 mg/m³ |
| Spain | VLA-EC (ppm) | 100 ppm |
| Spain | OEL chemical category (ES) | skin - potential for cutaneous absorption |

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830

| Spain | Spain - BLV | 1 g/g creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acids - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift |
|----------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Sweden | nivågränsvärde (NVG) (mg/m³) | 221 mg/m³ (Xylene) |
| Sweden | nivågränsvärde (NVG) (ppm) | 50 ppm (Xylene) |
| Sweden | kortidsvärde (KTV) (mg/m³) | 442 mg/m³ (Xylene) |
| Sweden | kortidsvärde (KTV) (ppm) | 100 ppm (Xylene) |
| Sweden | OEL chemical category (SE) | Skin notation |
| Switzerland | KZGW (mg/m³) | 870 mg/m³ |
| Switzerland | KZGW (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Switzerland | MAK (mg/m³) | 435 mg/m³ |
| Switzerland | MAK (ppm) | 100 ppm |
| Switzerland | OEL chemical category (CH) | Skin notation |
| Switzerland | Switzerland - BLV | 2 g/l Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift |
| United Kingdom | WEL TWA (mg/m³) | 220 mg/m³ |
| United Kingdom | WEL TWA (ppm) | 50 ppm |
| United Kingdom | WEL STEL (mg/m³) | 441 mg/m³ |
| United Kingdom | WEL STEL (ppm) | 100 ppm |
| United Kingdom | WEL chemical category | Potential for cutaneous absorption |

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof equipment. Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.

Personal Protective Equipment









Materials for Protective Clothing

Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

Hand Protection
Eye Protection

Wear protective gloves. Chemical safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection Respiratory Protection Wear suitable protective clothing.

If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory

protection.

Other Information When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Hazards

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State Liquid
Colour Dark Blue
Odour Solvent

Odour Threshold

pH

No data available

Evaporation Rate

Melting Point

No data available

140 °C (284 °F)

Flash Point

27 °C (81 °F)

Auto-Ignition Temperature

Decomposition Temperature

Flammability (Solid, Gas)

Vapour Pressure

Relative Vapour Density At 20 °C

No data available

No data available

No data available

Specific Gravity > 1

Relative Density No data available Solubility No data available Partition Coefficient n-Octanol/Water No data available Viscosity, Kinematic No data available Viscosity, Dynamic No data available **Explosive Properties** No data available Oxidising Properties No data available **Explosive Limits** No data available

9.2. Other Information

VOC content 10 - 30 %

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reacts violently with strong oxidisers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.

10.2. Chemical Stability

Flammable liquid and vapour. May form flammable or explosive vapour-air mixture.

10.3. Possibility Of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions To Avoid

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.

10.5. Incompatible Materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

None expected under normal conditions of use.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

11.1. Information On Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity Not classified (Based on available data, the classification

criteria are not met)

| 2-Butanone, O,O',O"-(methylsilylic | dyne)trioxime (22984-54-9) |
|---|--|
| LD50 Oral Rat | 2463 mg/kg |
| LD50 Dermal Rat | > 2000 mg/kg |
| Dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7) | |
| LD50 Oral | 175 mg/kg |
| LD50 Dermal Rat | > 2 g/kg |
| Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (5 | 56-67-2) |
| LD50 Oral Rat | > 4800 mg/kg |
| LD50 Dermal Rabbit | > 2,5 ml/kg |
| LC50 Inhalation Rat | 36 g/m³ (Exposure time: 4 h) |
| Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane | (541-02-6) |
| LD50 Oral Rat | > 5000 mg/kg (Species: Sprague-Dawley) |
| LD50 Dermal Rabbit | > 2000 mg/kg (Species: New Zealand White) No deaths reported |
| LC50 Inhalation Rat | 8,67 mg/I/4h (Species: Fischer) |
| Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane | e (540-97-6) |
| LD50 Oral Rat | > 50 g/kg |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene c (REACH Registration No.) 01-2119 | |
| LD50 Oral Rat | 3523 mg/kg |
| LC50 Inhalation Rat | 6700 ppm/4h |
| ATE CLP (oral) | 3523 mg/kg bodyweight |
| ATE CLP (dermal) | 1100 mg/kg bodyweight |
| ATE CLP (gases) | 6700 ppmv/4h |
| ATE CLP (vapours) | 11 mg/l/4h |
| Skin Corrosion/Irritation | Causes skin irritation. |

Skin Corrosion/Irritation Causes skin irritation.

Eye Damage/Irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity Not classified (Based on available data, the classification

criteria are not met)

Carcinogenicity Not classified (Based on available data, the classification

criteria are not met)

Reproductive Toxicity Not classified (Based on available data, the classification

criteria are not met)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity

(Single Exposure)

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated May cause damage to organs (blood) through

Exposure) prolonged or repeated exposure (oral).

Aspiration Hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

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SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General Toxic to aquatic life.

| 2-Butanone, O,O',O"-(methylsilylidyne)trioxime (22984-54-9) | | |
|---|--|--|
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | 120 mg/l (Exposure time: 48h - Species: Daphnia magna) | |
| Dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7) | | |
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | 0,463 mg/l (Daphnia magna) | |
| Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (556-67-2) | | |
| LC50 Fish 1 | > 500 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio) | |
| LC50 Fish 2 | > 1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus) | |

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

| R-1008-7 | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Persistence and Degradability | Not established. |

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

| R-1008-7 | |
|---|------------------|
| Bioaccumulative potential | Not established. |
| Dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7) | |
| Log Pow | 4,44 |
| Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (556-67-2) | |
| BCF Fish 1 | 12400 |
| Log Pow | 5,1 |

12.4. Mobility in Soil

No additional information available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

| Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (556-67-2) |
|--|
| This substance/mixture meets the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII |
| This substance/mixture meets the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII |
| Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane (541-02-6) |
| This substance/mixture meets the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII |
| Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane (540-97-6) |
| This substance/mixture meets the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII |

12.6. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

| Product/Packaging Disposal | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, |
|----------------------------|---|
| Recommendations | regional, national, and international regulations. |
| | |

Additional Information Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours

are flammable.

Ecology - Waste Materials Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN

| in accordance will | TABIL T KID T IIABO T | TITLING TO THE | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| ADR | IMDG | IATA | ADN | RID | |
| 14.1. UN Numbe | r | | | | |
| 1307 | 1307 | 1307 | 1307 | 1307 | |
| 14.2. UN Proper | 14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name | | | | |
| XYLENES | XYLENES | XYLENES | XYLENES | XYLENES | |
| SOLUTION | SOLUTION | SOLUTION | SOLUTION | SOLUTION | |
| 14.3. Transport Hazard Class(Es) | | | | | |
| 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| 14.4. Packing G | roup | | | | |
| III | III | III | III | | |
| 14.5. Environmental Hazards | | | | | |
| Dangerous for | Dangerous for | Dangerous for | Dangerous for | Dangerous for | |
| the environment | the environment | the environment | the environment | the environment | |
| : No | : No | : No | : No | : No | |
| | Marine pollutant | | | | |
| | : No | | | | |

14.6. Special Precautions For User

No additional information available

14.7. Transport in Bulk According to Annex II of MARPOL and The IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

15.1. Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations/Legislation Specific for the Substance or Mixture

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

Contains no REACH substances with Annex XVII restrictions

Contains a substance on the REACH candidate list in concentration ≥ 0.1% or with a lower specific limit: Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4) (EC 209-136-7, CAS 556-67-2),

Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane (D5) (EC 208-764-9, CAS 541-02-6),

Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane (D6) (EC 208-762-8, CAS 540-97-6)

Contains no REACH Annex XIV substances

15.1.2. National Regulations

No additional information available

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

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SECTION 16: Other Information

Indication of Changes

| Section | Section Header | Change | Date Changed |
|---------|--|----------|--------------|
| 1 | Identification of the Substance/mixture and of the | Modified | 05/08/2020 |
| | Company/Undertaking | | |
| 2 | Hazards identification | Modified | 05/08/2020 |
| 3 | Composition/information on ingredients | Modified | 05/08/2020 |
| 4 | First aid measures | Modified | 05/08/2020 |
| 8 | Exposure controls/personal protection | Modified | 05/08/2020 |
| 9 | Physical and chemical properties | Modified | 05/08/2020 |
| 11 | Toxicological information | Modified | 05/08/2020 |
| 12 | Ecological Information | Modified | 05/08/2020 |
| 15 | Regulatory Information | Modified | 05/08/2020 |

Date of Preparation or Latest

05/08/2020

Revision

Data Sources

Information and data obtained and used in the authoring of

this safety data sheet could come from database subscriptions,

official government regulatory body websites,

product/ingredient manufacturer or supplier specific

information, and/or resources that include substance specific data and classifications according to GHS or their subsequent

adoption of GHS.

Other Information

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its

amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830

Full Text of H- and EUH-statements:

| Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal) | Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4 |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour) | Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapour) Category 4 |
| Aquatic Acute 1 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Acute Hazard, Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 1 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 4 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category 4 |
| Asp. Tox. 1 | Aspiration hazard, Category 1 |
| Eye Dam. 1 | Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1 |
| Eye Irrit. 2 | Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2 |
| Flam. Liq. 3 | Flammable liquids, Category 3 |
| Muta. 2 | Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 2 |
| Repr. 1B | Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B |
| Repr. 2 | Reproductive toxicity, Category 2 |
| Skin Corr. 1C | Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1C |
| Skin Irrit. 2 | Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 |
| Skin Sens. 1 | Skin sensitisation, Category 1 |
| Skin Sens. 1B | Skin sensitisation, category 1B |
| STOT RE 1 | Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Category 1 |

| STOT RE 2 | Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Category 2 |
|-----------|---|
| STOT SE 1 | Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, |
| 310131 | Category 1 |
| STOT SE 3 | Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, |
| 3101323 | Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation |
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| H312 | Harmful in contact with skin. |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled. |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| H341 | Suspected of causing genetic defects. |
| H360 | May damage fertility or the unborn child. |
| H361f | Suspected of damaging fertility. |
| H370 | Causes damage to organs. |
| H372 | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or |
| | repeated exposure. |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or |
| | repeated exposure. |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life. |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H413 | May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. |

Abbreviations and Acronyms

ACGIH – American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADN – European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous

Goods by Inland Waterways

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF - Bioconcentration Factor BEI - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

BOD – Biochemical Oxygen Demand CAS No. - Chemical Abstracts Service Number

CLP – Classification, Labeling and Packaging Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 COD – Chemical Oxygen Demand EC – European Community

EC50 - Median Effective Concentration

EEC - European Economic Community

EINECS – European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

EmS-No. (Fire) - IMDG Emergency Schedule Fire EmS-No. (Spillage) - IMDG Emergency Schedule Spillage

EU – European Union

ErC50 - EC50 in Terms of Reduction Growth Rate GHS – Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA - International Air Transport Association IBC Code - International Bulk Chemical Code

IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods IPRV - Ilgalaikio Poveikio Ribinis Dydis IOELV – Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value

LC50 - Median Lethal Concentration LD50 - Median Lethal Dose

LOAEL - Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level LOFC - Lowest-Observed-Effect Concentration

Log Koc - Soil Organic Carbon-water Partitioning Coefficient

Log Kow - Octanol/water Partition Coefficient
Log Pow - Ratio of the equilibrium concentration (C) of a dissolved substance in a two-phase system consisting of two largely immiscible solvents, in this case octanol

MAK - Maximum Workplace Concentration/Maximum Permissible Concentration

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution

NDS - Najwyzsze Dopuszczalne Stezenie

NDSCh - Najwyzsze Dopuszczalne Stezenie Chwilowe

NDSP - Najwyzsze Dopuszczalne Stezenie Pulapowe

NOAEL - No-Observed Adverse Effect Level NOEC - No-Observed Effect Concentration

NRD - Nevirsytinas Ribinis Dydis

NTP – National Toxicology Program OEL - Occupational Exposure Limits

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

– Potential Hydrogen

REACH – Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation, and Restriction of Chemicals
RID – Regulations Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

SADT - Self Accelerating Decomposition Temperature

SDS - Safety Data Sheet STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit

STOT - Specific Target Organ Toxicity
TA-Luft - Technische Anleitung zur Reinhaltung der Luft
TEL TRK – Technical Guidance Concentrations

ThOD – Theoretical Oxygen Demand TLM - Median Tolerance Limit

TLV - Threshold Limit Value

TPRD - Trumpalaikio Poveikio Ribinis Dydis TRG\$ 510 - Technische Regel für Gefahrstoffe 510 - Lagerung von Gefahrstoffen in

ortsbeweglichen Behältern TRGS 552 – Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe - N-Nitrosamine

TRGS 900 - Technische Regel für Gefahrstoffe 900 – Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte TRGS 903 - Technische Regel für Gefahrstoffe 903 - Biologische Grenzwerte TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act

TWA - Time Weighted Average

VVA-EO - Valatile Organic Compounds
VLA-EC - Valor Límite Ambiental Exposición de Corta Duración
VLA-ED - Valor Límite Ambiental Exposición Diaria
VLE – Valeur Limite D'exposition

VME – Valeur Limite De Moyenne Exposition

vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

WEL – Workplace Exposure Limit WGK - Wassergefährdungsklasse

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Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830

Nusil EU GHS SDS

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Silicone Sales & Services UK - Ireland - Benelux

© 2022 - Polymer Systems Technology Limited™ Unit 2. Network 4. Cressex Business Park, Lincoln Road, High Wycombe, Bucks. HP12 3RF

tel: +44 (0) 1494 446610

web: https://www.silicone-polymers.com

email: sales@silicone-polymers.co.uk

