

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830

Revision date: Date of issue: Version: 2.0 06/06/2016 04/03/2014

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form Mixture
Product Name R-3930

Synonyms RTV Fluorosilicone Dispersion

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### 1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Industrial/Professional use spec Industrial

Use of the substance/mixture For coating, sealing and bonding applications requiring solvent

and/or fuel resistance. For professional use only.

#### 1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

NuSil Technology LLC 1050 Cindy Lane

Carpinteria, California 93013

**USA** 

(805) 684-8780 ehs@nusil.com www.nusil.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (in US); +1 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC (International and

number Maritime)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Dam. 1 H318 STOT SE 3 H335

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

#### Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

No additional information available

#### 2.2. Label elements

#### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP)





GHS02

Signal word (CLP) Danger

Hazardous ingredients Silanetriol, methyl-, triacetate; Silanetriol, ethyl-, triacetate; Siloxanes

and Silicones, methyl 3,3,3-trifluoropropyl, hydroxy-terminated

Hazard statements (CLP) H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H318 - Causes serious eye damage H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

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Precautionary statements (CLP)

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P233 - Keep container tightly closed

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting equipment

P261 - Avoid breathing vapors, mist, or spray

P264 - Wash hands, forearms and exposed areas thoroughly after handling

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear protective clothing, protective gloves, eye protection, face shield

P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water

P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell P321 - Specific treatment (see Section 4 on this SDS)

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

P405 - Store locked up

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local,

regional, national, and international regulations

#### 2.3. Other Hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

Exposure may aggravate those with pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
tert-Butyl acetate	(CAS No) 540-88-5 (EC no) 208-760-7 (EC index no) 607-026-00-7	50 - 55	Flam. Liq. 2, H225
Siloxanes and Silicones, methyl 3,3,3- trifluoropropyl, hydroxy-terminated	(CAS No) 68607-77-2	35 - 40	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335
Silanetriol, methyl-, triacetate	(CAS No) 4253-34-3 (EC no) 224-221-9	< 5	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318

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Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Silanetriol, ethyl-, triacetate	(CAS No) 17689-77-9 (EC no) 241-677-4	< 5	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel

unwell, seek medical advice (show the label if possible).

First-aid measures after inhalation Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

Remove contaminated clothing. Gently wash with plenty of soap

contact and water followed by rinsing with water for at least 15 minutes. Call

a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

First-aid measures after eye

First-aid measures after skin

contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 60 minutes. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

First-aid measures after ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER or doctor/physician.

May cause respiratory irritation.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause

respiratory irritation.

Causes skin irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation

Symptoms/injuries after skin

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion

contact

Symptoms/injuries after eye

Chronic symptoms

contact

Causes serious eye damage.

Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

None expected under normal conditions of use.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray, foam, fog.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may

spread fire. Application of water stream to hot product may cause

frothing and increase fire intensity.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Vapors may travel to source of

ignition and flash back.

Explosion hazard May form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Reactivity Reacts with (strong) oxidizers: (increased) risk of fire.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Precautionary measures fire Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Do not breathe

fumes from fires or vapours from decomposition.

major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely

due to the risk of explosion.

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Protection during firefighting Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment,

including respiratory protection.

Other information Refer to Section 9 for flammability properties.

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. – No

smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid all eyes and skin contact

and do not breathe vapour and mist.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency procedures Stop leak if safe to do so. Eliminate ignition sources. Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and

entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for cleaning up Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Spills should

be contained with mechanical barriers. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after

a spill.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection. For further information refer to section 13.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when

processed

When heated, material emits irritating fumes. When mixed with air and exposed to an ignition source, flammable vapours can burn in the open or explode in confined spaces. Being heavier than air, vapours may travel long distances to an ignition source and flash back. Runoff to sewer may cause fire or explosion hazard. Any proposed use of this product in elevated-temperature processes should be thoroughly evaluated to assure that safe operating

conditions are established and maintained.

Hygiene measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving

work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage conditions Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container

closed when not in use. Keep away from ignition sources (including static discharges). Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely

high or low temperatures and incompatible materials.

Incompatible products Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. Metals. Nitrates.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

For coating, sealing and bonding applications requiring solvent and/or fuel resistance. For professional use only.

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1. Control parameters

tert-Butyl acetate (540-88-5)			
Austria	MAK (mg/m³)	96 mg/m³	
Austria	MAK (ppm)	20 ppm	
Austria	MAK Short time value (mg/m³)	96 mg/m³	
Austria	MAK Short time value (ppm)	20 ppm	
Austria	OEL - Ceilings (mg/m³)	96 mg/m³	
Austria	OEL - Ceilings (ppm)	20 ppm	
Belgium	Limit value (mg/m³)	964 mg/m³	
Belgium	Limit value (ppm)	200 ppm	
Croatia	GVI (granična vrijednost izloženosti) (mg/m³)	966 mg/m³	
Croatia	GVI (granična vrijednost izloženosti) (ppm)	200 ppm	
Croatia	KGVI (kratkotrajna granična vrijednost izloženosti) (mg/m³)	1210 mg/m³	
Croatia	KGVI (kratkotrajna granična vrijednost		
	izloženosti) (ppm)	250 ppm	
France	VME (mg/m³)	950 mg/m³	
France	VME (ppm)	200 ppm	
Germany	TRGS 900 Occupational exposure limit value (mg/m³)	200 mg/m³ (The risk of damage to the embryo or fetus can be excluded when AGW and BGW values are observed)	
Germany	TRGS 900 Occupational exposure limit value (ppm)	42 ppm (The risk of damage to the embryo or fetus can be excluded when AGW and BGW values are observed)	
Greece	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	950 mg/m³	
Greece	OEL TWA (ppm)	200 ppm	
Greece	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	1190 mg/m³	
Greece	OEL STEL (ppm)	250 ppm	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm	
Latvia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	200 mg/m³	
Spain	VLA-ED (mg/m³)	966 mg/m³	
Spain	VLA-ED (ppm)	200 ppm	
Switzerland	VLE (mg/m³)	480 mg/m³	
Switzerland	VLE (ppm)	100 ppm	
Switzerland	VME (mg/m³)	240 mg/m³	
Switzerland	VME (ppm)	50 ppm	
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (mg/m³)	966 mg/m³	
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (ppm)	200 ppm	
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (mg/m³)	1210 mg/m³	
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (ppm)	250 ppm	
Czech Republic	Expoziční limity (PEL) (mg/m³)	950 mg/m³	
Denmark	Grænseværdie (langvarig) (mg/m³)	710 mg/m³	
Denmark	Grænseværdie (langvarig) (ppm)	150 ppm	
Finland	HTP-arvo (8h) (mg/m³)	720 mg/m³	
Finland	HTP-arvo (8h) (ppm)	150 ppm	

tert-Butyl acetate (540-88-5)		
Finland	HTP-arvo (15 min) 960 mg/m³	
Finland	HTP-arvo (15 min) (ppm)	200 ppm
Ireland	OEL (8 hours ref) (mg/m³)	950 mg/m³
Ireland	OEL (8 hours ref) (ppm)	200 ppm
Ireland	OEL (15 min ref) (mg/m3)	1190 mg/m³
Ireland	OEL (15 min ref) (ppm)	250 ppm
Poland	NDS (mg/m³)	900 mg/m³
Poland	NDSCh (mg/m³)	900 mg/m³
Slovakia	NPHV (priemerná) (mg/m³)	96 mg/m³
Slovakia	NPHV (priemerná) (ppm)	20 ppm
Slovakia	NPHV (Hraničná) (mg/m³)	384 mg/m³
Slovenia	venia OEL TWA (mg/m³) 96 mg/m³	
Slovenia	OEL TWA (ppm)	20 ppm
Slovenia	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	96 mg/m³
Slovenia	OEL STEL (ppm)	20 ppm
Sweden		
Sweden	veden nivågränsvärde (NVG) (ppm) 100 ppm	
Sweden	en kortidsvärde (KTV) (mg/m³) 700 mg/m³	
Sweden	den kortidsvärde (KTV) (ppm) 150 ppm	
Portugal	OEL TWA (ppm)	200 ppm

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Proper

grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases/vapours may be released. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal protective equipment

Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Protective goggles. Gloves.

Protective clothing. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory

protection. Face shield.











Materials for protective clothing

Hand protection Eye protection

Skin and body protection Respiratory protection Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing. Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.

Chemical safety goggles.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Use an approved respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus whenever exposure may exceed established Occupational

Exposure Limits.

Environmental exposure controls Consumer exposure controls Do not allow the product to be released into the environment.

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid Colour : Translucent Odour : Solvent

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Odour threshold : No data available pH : No data available

Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : 2.8

Melting point : No data available
Freezing point : No data available
Boiling point : 98 °C (208.4 °F)
Flash point : -4,4 °C (24.1 °F)
Auto-ignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

Vapour pressure : 41.5 mm Hg @ 25 °C (77 °F)

Relative vapour density at 20 °C : No data available

Relative Density : 1 (Water=1)

Solubility : No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Viscosity, dynamic : No data available
Explosive properties : No data available
Oxidising properties : No data available
Explosive limits : No data available

9.2. Other information

VOC content 50 - 55 %

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Reacts with (strong) oxidizers: (increased) risk of fire.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Can form explosive mixture with air.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Ignition sources. Incompatible materials.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizers. Strong acids. Strong bases. Metals. Nitrates.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>). Silicon oxides. Hydrocarbons. Will decompose above 150 °C (>300° F) releasing formaldehyde vapors. Formaldehyde is a potential carcinogen and can act as a potential skin and respiratory sensitizer. Formaldehyde can also cause respiratory and eye irritation. Oxides of tin. Fluorine compounds.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not classified

Silanetriol, methyl-, triacetate (4253-34-3)		
LD50 oral rat	1437 - 1780 mg/kg	
LD50 oral	1602 mg/kg	
tert-Butyl acetate (540-88-5)		
LD50 oral rat	4500 mg/kg	
LD50 oral	3300 mg/kg	

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tert-Butyl acetate (540-88-5)		
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 2230 mg/m³ (Exposure time: 4 h)	
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	5157 ppm/4h	
LC50 inhalation rat (Vapours - mg/I/4h)	13,3 mg/l/4h	
Silanetriol, ethyl-, triacetate (17689-77-9)		
LD50 oral rat	1460 mg/kg	
LD50 oral	1462 mg/kg	

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation
Germ cell mutagenicity
Carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxicity
Not classified
Not classified
Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated : Not classified

exposure)

Aspiration hazard Not classified

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

tert-Butyl aceta	ate (540-88-5)
LC50 fish 1	296 - 362 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No additional information available

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Silanetriol, methyl-, triacetate (4253-34-3)			
Sharlemon, memyi-,	Sildifellol, Mellyl-, ilidcelale (4235-54-5)		
Log Pow	0,25 KowWin		
tert-Butyl acetate (540-88-5)			
Log Pow	1,38		

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No additional information available

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other information Avoid release to the environment.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional,

national, and international regulations.

Additional information Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are

flammable.

Ecology - waste materials Avoid release to the environment.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN

**14.1. UN number** 

UN-No. (ADR) 1123

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (ADR) BUTYL ACETATES

Transport document description UN 1123 BUTYL ACETATES SOLUTION, 3, II, (D/E)

(ADR)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class (ADR) 3
Danger labels (ADR) 3



14.4. Packing group

Packing group (ADR)

14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information No supplementary information available.

14.6. Special precautions for user

14.6.1. Overland transport

Hazard identification number 33

(Kemler No.)

Classification code (ADR) F1

Orange plates

33 1123

Transport category (ADR) 2
Tunnel restriction code (ADR) D/E
Limited quantities (ADR) 11
Excepted quantities (ADR) E2
EAC code 3YE

14.6.2. Transport by sea

MFAG-No 129

14.6.3. Air transport

No additional information available

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Not applicable

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

Contains no REACH substances with Annex XVII restrictions

Contains no substance on the REACH candidate list

Contains no REACH Annex XIV substances

VOC content 50 - 55 %

15.1.2. National regulations

No additional information available

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Indication of changes:

Section	Section Header	Change	Date Changed
1.3	Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet	Modified	06/06/2016
2	Hazards identification	Modified. Removed DSD/DPD information.	06/06/2016
3	Composition/informat ion on ingredients	Removed not classified components and components below cutoffs. Removed DSD/DPD information.	06/06/2016
15.1.1	EU-Regulations	Modified	06/06/2016

Revision date 06/06/2016

Data sources According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its

amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830

#### Full text of H- and EUH-statements:

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids, Category 2
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H335	May cause respiratory irritation

Nusil EU GHS SDS

We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet, and is offered in good faith. Since the use of this information and of these opinions and the conditions of the use of the product are not within the control of NuSil Technology, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.



# Silicone Sales & Services UK - Ireland - Benelux

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